Weather
Continued fine weather today. The maximum temperature yesterday was 75.5 and the minimum 50.0, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 67.6 and 61.5.

THE CHINA PRESS
大陸報

A Live Newspaper Devoted to Progress in China

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BRITISH TROOPS GO INTO ACTION AGAINST AFGHANS

Kharagali Position Taken In Opening Attack Of Advanced Units

TRIBESMEN LOYAL

Forces From Which Amir Expected Aid Are Not Taking Part

AIRPLANES USED

Successful Bombing Raids On Distant Points Made By Flyers

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Simla, May 12.—Our advanced troops at Lundi Kotal having been reinforced, we developed an attack yesterday morning against the Afghans holding the Khargali position in force. The attack was completely successful and we now hold Khargali, securing us Bags village and its springs. We captured three guns and two horse-teams.

Aerial reconnaissances up to midday yesterday reported that numbers of the enemy were retiring from the spurs about Khargali into the nullah leading towards Dakka.

Our casualties are reported to be slight.

The attitude of our independent tribes continues satisfactory. The Khostwals are disappointed at the promised distribution of arms not having been fulfilled.

Afghans Hard Hit

Simla, May 13.—Reports from Lundi Kotal show that the Afghans were heavily punished in the action on the 11th. We captured six guns and one Gardner-gun while the losses of the enemy in killed are estimated at about a hundred. We buried many. These figures exclude the casualties inflicted by our aeroplanes in their more distant bombing raids, which are reported to have had excellent effect on Jalalabad and Ningrahar. This is evident because Dakka, the advanced headquarters and concentration point of the Afghan regular troops, is reported by our air men to be still evacuated.

Air Raid Effective

A successful air raid has also been made against Chora Fort, at the eastern end of Bazar Valley, which belongs to malcontent Afridi malik who was threatening to trouble our communications in the Khyber Pass and whom the tribesmen asked us to punish.

The enemy on the Dakka front are reported to be suffering from a shortage of rations, which is very probable in view of the deserted state of the Jalalabad-Dakka road, as reported by our air men

The Darajat and Bannu borders report all quiet and the demeanor of all the independent tribes continues satisfactory.

Our casualties up to the 12th are: British—killed 4; wounded 19. Indian—killed 7; wounded 22.

AMERICANS PLAN START OF ATLANTIC FLIGHT

Planes Will Be Tried Out In Trip To Newfoundland From Rockaway Beach

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

New York, May 2.—It is announced that the American naval Trans-Atlantic flight will start from Trepassy, in Newfoundland, traveling via the Azores and Lisbon to Plymouth, a speed of 65 miles an hour will be maintained throughout.

The machines will fly to Newfoundland from Rockaway Beach as a trial trip, stopping at Halifax en route.

British Fliers Start

St. Johns, April 30.—In the attempt to fly the Atlantic, Raynham flies at 3 o'clock this afternoon and Hawker will probably follow an hour later.

Peking Instructs Delegates At Paris To Sign Treaty Subject To Reservation

Condition Raised Concerns Cession To Japan Of German Rights In Shantung---Payment Of Rail Loan To Nipponese Urged

Peking, May 15.—The Peking Government has cabled the Chinese delegation at the peace conference in Paris to sign the treaty of peace subject to a reservation on the cession of German rights in Shantung to Japan.

Shantung Parliament Members Urge Return Of Loan To Japaan

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Peking, May 13.—The members of Parliament from Shantung and the representatives sent to Peking by the Shantung People's Association have come to the decision that China must recover her rights in the Shuntehfu-Tsinan and Haomi-Hsuchow Railways by paying back to Japan the money advanced by the country on the security of these lines. They recommend that the Government and the people unite in raising funds for this purpose, and are certain that the people will rally to the support of the Government in such a cause.

This solution for the setting aside of the Shantung Railway Agreements has already been proposed by Japan, both here in China and at the Conference of Paris, but nothing ever came of it, as every one knew that the Chinese Government had no funds with which to repay Japan. Japan was, accordingly, in the position of being able to give good and, at the same time, safe and conservative advice in this matter.

Tsao Ju-lin and Lu Chung-yu are likewise showing an interest in the question of the Shantung Railways and have requested their friends to inform the members of Parliament from Shantung that they will exert their influence with the Government to the end of raising funds with which to pay off the Japanese loans on these lines. They simply ask the Shantung men to stop attacking them and to refrain from making a great outcry about the railways.

Nanchang Students Parade With Patriotic Banners

(China Press Correspondence)

Nanchang, May 12.—A smouldering fire burst into flame today when three thousand students paraded the streets of the city to express their feelings not in words but in deeds in regard to the nefarious actions of Tsao Ju-lin and his fellows. The parade is significant when considered in the light of the conservativeness of Klangsi province. For a week there has been an undercurrent of excitement running through the schools, accompanied by numerous secret meetings. The determination of the students was so firm and clear cut that practically every principal and teacher expressed his approval and joined the movement.

The students gathered at the playground of the First Middle School and from there marched to the Provincial Assembly headquarters. The line of march thereafter was to the Civil Governor's yamen, Military Governor's yamen, Chief of Police headquarters and the main business streets. Every student carried a banner with such inscriptions as, "Death to All Traitors." "Tsingtau Must Be Returned." "We Demand the Release of the Arrested Students." "Boycott Japanese Goods." "Awake! Where is Your Patriotism." Circulars were scattered along the streets and placed in the hands of bystanders urging them to join the fight against Japanese aggression and to stand firmly behind the peace delegation at Paris.

The whole demonstration was a quiet one and was in no way interfered with by the police. The following schools participated in the parade: First Normal School, Agriculture School, Industrial School, Hsin Yuan Middle School, First Middle School, Second Middle School, four law schools, Nanchang Academy, Ta Tung Middle School, Y. M. C. A. English School and a Higher Primary School.

Last night telegrams were sent to President Hsu urging him to support the peace delegation at Paris and requesting him to use his influence in securing the release of the arrested students in Peking.

Edith Cavell's Body Brought To England

Remains Arrive At Dover On British Destroyer And Are Sent To London

(French Wireless To Reuter)

Paris, May 15.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza).—The mortal remains of Miss Edith Cavell arrived on Wednesday evening at Dover on board a British destroyer. They were received with the greatest honors by the naval, military and civil authorities of the port. The train conveying the coffin left for London at 2:30.

Situation In Libau Described As Acute

Allies Are Withholding Food And Dangers Of Civil War Are Growing

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Libau, April 30.—The situation is acute. The attempted appointment of a new Cabinet has failed as the prominent Lutheran pastor nominated as Premier of Lettland promptly refused the post. Meanwhile the Allies are withholding food supplies and the dangers of civil war are growing.

China Finishes Second In Track And Field

Revision Of Count Puts It Ahead Of Japan In Final Results

(China Press Staff Correspondence)

Manila, May 16.—A correction in counting of points makes Chuente, Filipino, winner of the Pentathlon, as well as of the Decathlon. A revision of totals gives China second place in track and field events instead of Japan. In the volleyball finals China and the Philippines tied today, the game being called on account of darkness. The game will be played off Monday. In swimming the Philippines finished first, China second and Japan third. Uchida, Japanese, breaking the record in the mile swim. China has entered a team in the open basketball championship, which begins tomorrow.

Bombay Editor Told He Must Quit Country

Mr. Guy Horniman Said To Have Been Active In Passive Resistance Movement

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Bombay, April 26.—The Governor of Bombay, with the sanction of the Viceroy of India, has ordered Mr. Guy Horniman, the editor of the Bombay Chronicle, who has been associated with Gandhi in the passive resistance movement, to leave India for England immediately.

MUNICH SPARTACISTS ASK FOR ARMISTICE

Reports To Berlin Indicate That Red Army Is About To Collapse

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Copenhagen, May 1.—A message from Munich states that the Spartacist Committee in Munich offered a cessation of the fighting if Hoffman's troops guaranteed not to enter the city. The Government troops refused and demanded the unconditional surrender of the Spartacists.

The latest reports from Berlin are that the Spartacists in Munich are retreating everywhere and the Red Army is gradually approaching dissolution.

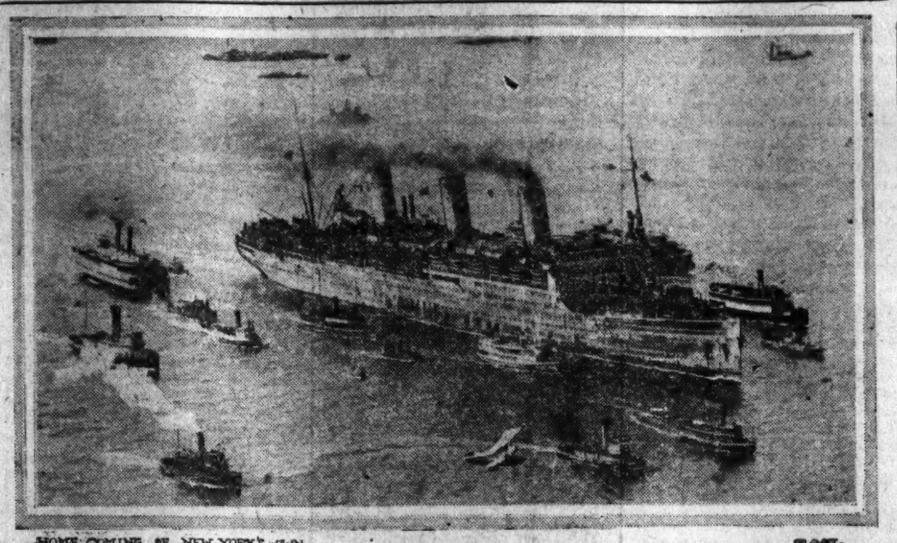
Repatriation Planned For German Prisoners

Release, However, Depends Upon Supply Of Workers Germany Must Send To France

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, April 29.—The special commission which is studying the question of the German prisoners of war, 700,000 of whom are still in Allied countries, have decided in favor of repatriating the prisoners provided capable German workmen are sent to France to assist in the reconstruction of the devastated regions.

Twenty-Seventh Division, New York's Own, Arriving On Leviathan



HOME COMING OF NEW YORK'S OWN.

The giant American transport Leviathan, with more than 9,000 happy and shouting New York boys aboard, making its way majestically up the North River to its pier at Hoboken. The boys of the Twenty-seventh Division crowding every available footspace on the giant troopship were given the greatest welcome in the history of the city. Thousands of people lined the docks and roofs of buildings along the shores. The Leviathan was escorted down the bay by hundreds of craft and several aeroplanes, one of which can be seen in the center foreground.

WILL EXCHANGE BRITONS HELD BY BOLSHEVISTS

Commons Is Told Negotiations For Release Of Prisoners Are Being Conducted

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, May 1.—In the House of Commons today, Mr. Cecil Harmsworth, at question time, stated that negotiations are being conducted for the exchange of all British naval, military and civilian prisoners at present in the hands of the Russian Bolshevists.

FRENCH THROWS LIGHT ON EVENTS OF 1914

In Final Instalment Of Book General Lanrezac Comes In For Criticism

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, May 1.—In the last instalment of his book Field Marshal Viscount French states that, owing to difficulty in finding General Lanrezac, he returned to Le Cateau, where late in the evening the climax of disillusionment was experienced when he received a request from General Lanrezac to attack the flank of the German columns which were pressing him back. Viscount French says that it was difficult to realise what was in General Lanrezac's mind when he made such a request and he replied that such an operation was quite impracticable.

Describing the events on August 23, 1914, Viscount French says that he left General Sir Horace Smith-Dorrien full of confidence with regard to his men but when he returned to headquarters in the afternoon reports had been received that General Smith-Dorrien was abondoning the Mons salient, although he need not have feared an imminent turning movement and his front was nowhere greatly threatened.

Consequent on the arrival of further disquieting reports in the evening, Viscount French decided on an immediate retreat as the situation was untenable from a strategic point of view. He pays a tribute to the support given by General Allenby and General Drummond in taking the pressure off the 5th Division and the steadiness and skill displayed by the 1st Army Corps, under General Sir Douglas Haig. He concludes with a graphic picture of his worn-out Staff, saying "it makes my blood boil to hear and read the calumnies often heaped on the head of the unfortunate Staff."

San Salvador Visited By Severe Earthquake

Seventy-Five Killed And Many Injured In Disturbance On April 28

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

San Salvador, May 1.—Seventy-five persons have been killed and over five hundred injured in an earthquake which occurred on the 28th of last month, extensive damage was done to city property and in the district.

Bombs Found In Mail Show Plot To Kill Prominent Americans

Believed Assassinations Were To Be Incident Of May Day Demonstrations

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

New York, May 1.—Thirty-six bombs have been discovered in the mails at New York and elsewhere and the Post Office authorities are convinced that the discovery has unearthed a plot of the Terrorists to assassinate high personages as a May Day demonstration.

The majority of the recipients of the bombs were prominent opponents of the Reds, including Senator Hardwick, the author of the bill to prevent immigration, whose wife was injured by a bomb.

Search is being made throughout the whole country for the perpetrators of the outrages.

Germans Suspected

Washington, May 2.—The agents of the Department of Justice believe that bombs found in the mails are of German origin.

Riot In Cleveland

Cleveland, Ohio, May 1.—During the May Day demonstrations a general fight occurred between the Socialists and others attending a Liberty Loan meeting. One bystander was killed, three policemen shot and two hundred persons badly injured.

Other Disturbances

New York, May 2.—The May Day parades and demonstrations in various cities resulted in several minor encounters with the authorities, notably in Boston, where a hundred persons were arrested and a number injured by stray shots, and in Chicago, where a procession which had been prohibited was broken up by the police.

U.S. Dreadnaught Tennessee Launched

New Warship, 32,000 Tons, Was Built At Estimated Cost Of G.$15,000,000

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

New York, April 30.—The Superdreadnaught Tennessee, 32,000 tons, has just been launched. The total cost of this vessel is estimated at G.$15,000,000. She carries twelve fourteen-inch guns, burns oil exclusively and has a speed of 21 knots.

U.S. Calls For Men To Serve In Siberia

Volunteers Needed To Replace Troops Whose Terms Of Enlistments Are Over

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, May 14.—Telegrams from American sources state that the United States War Department has recently called for volunteers to replace time-expired men among the troops now in Siberia. Only men who have already seen service are eligible for enlistment.

There will be no increase made in the American Expeditionary Force in Siberia, as the present drafts will not exceed the number of time-expired men returning to the United States.

BOLSHEVISM IS WANING, SAY RUSSIAN REPORTS

Soviet Government In Moscow Making Frantic Appeals To Raise New Troops

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, April 30.—Reuter's correspondent learns from an authoritative source that the Russian peasants are increasingly revolting against the Bolshevik Government, especially in the districts near the Volga and in Central Russia.

In the Saratoff Government martial-law has been proclaimed in 22 districts. A large number of Soviet agents have been killed in the Saratoff and Smolensk Governments.

The Soviet Government in Moscow is seriously alarmed and is frantically appealing to the proletariat to resist Admiral Koltchak's advance.

Strikes in Petrograd during the month of March were very acute and were suppressed in a most brutal fashion. In one case jets of steam and boiling water were turned on a congregation of workmen.

Are Leaving Petrograd

London, May 1.—The Abo correspondent of The Times, in a message dated April 29, states that the Bolshevists are evacuating Petrograd and the Finlanders expect the fall of Petrograd in a few weeks.

Appeal For Troops

Copenhagen, May 1.—A message from Libau states that the Russian Soviet Government is making extraordinary efforts to secure troops for an offensive against Admiral Koltchak and Trotsky is appealing for swift and thorough action as it is necessary to defeat Koltchak in as short a time as possible.

People In Dire Straits

Copenhagen, May 2.—A message from Berlin states that terrible misery exists at Riga, where 10,000 people of all nationalities whom the Bolshevists banished to the islands in the Dvina, without assistance and scantily clad, will succumb unless help arrives very speedily.

The Baltic Women's Association has appealed for help to all Red Cross societies.

No Recognition Given

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, May 14.—Telegrams from American sources say that the Department of State announced on Monday that as the United States has not recognised the Bolshevik regime at Moscow, extreme caution should be exercised in dealing with any one claiming to represent the Bolsheviks.

Mr. Treadwell, American Consul at Tashkent, who for some time has been interned by the Bolsheviks in violation of every rule of international law, has been released and is returning to the United States via Paris.

Budapest Government Reported Overthrown

Officials Of Soviet Said To Have Fled To Vienna With Families

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Berlin, May 1.—It is reported from Vienna that the Hungarian Government has been overthrown. Berlin newspapers state that the People's Commissaries for Food, War and Foreign Affairs have arrived in Vienna with their families, indicating flight from Budapest.

ALLIES NOW READY TO TELL AUSTRIA TERMS OF PEACE

Decisions Are Reached On Various Points; Treaty Is Drawn

DELEGATES ARRIVE

Meeting With Them Will Probably Take Place Next Week

AMERICAN VIEWS

Press In U.S. In General Approve Penalties Meted Out

(French Wireless To Reuter)

Paris, May 15.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza).—The Council of Four met on Wednesday morning and principally occupied itself in dealing with economic questions, in which connection they heard M. Loucheur, Mr. MacCormick and Signor Crespi.

The Council of Five Ministers of Foreign Affairs held a sitting on Wednesday afternoon. Admiral de Bon was present as technical expert. They arrived at decisions on the following points:

Points Decided

(1) The occupation of Schleswig, where they agreed that the British navy shall maintain order.

(2) Examination of the clauses to be inserted in the Treaty of Peace with Austria and Hungary. Renunciation by Austria of Galicia, questions concerning the railways, the division between the various States through the breaking up of the former Austro-Hungarian Empire, etcetera.

For the carrying out of these clauses, the Council has sent these different points to the Commission on Ports, Waterways and Railways.

Austrians Arrive

Paris, May 15.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza).—The Austrian Delegation arrived on Tuesday evening at St. Germain.

Le Petit Parisien announces that the preliminary terms of peace concerning Austria will probably not be handed to the Austrian delegates before the middle of next week. This document will be very clear.

Summary Of Treaty Drawn

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, May 12.—The Austrian Treaty is nearing completion and the Official Summary is being prepared.

American Views Given

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, May 14.—Telegrams from American sources say that the American newspapers generally, in commenting on the peace terms, characterise them as just, necessarily severe, and assuring world peace.

The New York Herald says that the American people will approve not only the terms, but the spirit of the treaty. The New York Tribune says that the settlement makes for peace and that the terms are a multiplied reflex of Germany's own acts, and adds that France has a right to unstinted aid if again in the pathway of the German army.

The New York Sun concedes that there can be no over-punishment of criminal Germany, but queries whether penalties should extend to unborn generations. Editorial articles in Philadelphia, St. Louis and other leading newspapers commend the treaty.

The recognition of the de facto government of Finland by the United States was announced on Wednesday.

An Archangel official message states that the Archangel Government has addressed a circular note to the Powers recognising the supreme authority of the Omsk Government as the provisional government of all Russia, with the reservation of independent action pending arrangements for joint action.

Council In Session

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, April 30.—The Council of Three yesterday was occupied with the financial claims of Belgium.

Simultaneously a Council of Ministers was held in Brussels, presided over by the King, at which the members of the Cabinet were informed of the exchange of views yesterday between the Belgian Plenipotentiaries and the Council of Three in Paris.

It was decided that the Ministers Messrs. Jaspart, Renkin and Franck should return immediately to Paris

to define the instructions to the delegates.

Cecil To Be Named

Paris, May 1.—Lord Robert Cecil will probably be the British representative on the Organising Committee of the League of Nations.

There is a possibility that Germany will be admitted to the League after a short probation, probably 12 months, on the ground of the beneficial influence of the League in moulding a new Germany.

Women With Germans

Versailles, April 28.—The second section of the German Peace Delegation, which arrived here today, consists of 87 members, of whom thirty are women. It includes the Commission for the Reduction of Armaments and also the Commission for Trade Affairs comprising thirty-three members including 16 women.

The delegation also includes a number of telephonists and telegraphists, a courier, a doctor and a hairdresser.

Paris, April 27.—Posters appealing to the population to maintain a worthy and calm attitude "during the peace negotiations" are being placarded in Versailles by order of the municipality.

Ceremony Is Brief

Paris, May 1.—The ceremony of the verification of credentials lasted five minutes and was very dignified.

It is noteworthy that M. Jules Cambon, the French ambassador in Berlin in 1914, was the spokesman of the Allies.

Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau on entering the hall of the Trianon Palace was visibly affected.

M. Jules Cambon intimated that he had been appointed to receive and examine the credentials before the deliberations, which, it was hoped, would lead to peace. Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau replied simply and presented Herr Landsberg, after which M. Jules Cambon presented his Allied colleagues, after which the credentials were exchanged.

The German credentials were counter-signed by Herr Ebert and Herr Scheidemann, and sealed with the work "Reich" (Empire).

Britain's Part At Paris

Paris, April 30.—A prominent authority has mentioned the fact that, although it is not generally realised, Great Britain's part in the work of the Peace Conference has been almost preponderating. He instances the League of Nations and the Labor Convention, pointing out that the latter is practically a wholly British achievement, whereas Great Britain claims at least equal shares with President Wilson in the preparation of the League as the discussions of the League of Nations Commission were based on General Smut's draft, and it was doubtless in recognition of Great Britain's part that a British official was appointed the first secretary of the League of Nations.

The naval terms and air clauses of the Treaty of Peace are substantially as they were drafted by the British authorities. Moreover the proposal to abolish German conscription, one of the most important clauses, emanated from Great Britain, while the British view that the ex-Kaiser be tried and the atrocities punished ultimately prevailed.

The authority added that Great Britain in other matters, like compensation for sinking of ships by submarines, had more than pulled her weight.

With regard to what Germany losses by the war, apart from human life, the following noteworthy German losses are quoted:

Seventy percent of her iron-ore, one-third of her coal and twenty percent of her potash. She has lost between 7 and 8 million of her former inhabitants, a large proportion of which are non-German, and also her colonies and ships.

Earlier Reports

Paris, April 29, (later).—It appears that the Council of Three has given definite and satisfactory assurances to the Belgian Delegates who communicated them to their Government.

Paris, April 30.—Le Temps is of the opinion that Signor Orlando's speech and the action of the Italian Chamber of Deputies favors an equitable settlement of the Adriatic problem. It has hopes that the Italian Delegation will return to Paris without delay and considers that Signor Orlando has just won the finest success of his career.

Paris, April 30.—President Poincare in a message to Italy, emphasised that the unity between France and Italy during the war would remain during peace. Nothing would separate them. Any cooling of their friendship would be a catastrophe for civilisation.

China Political Notes From Chinese Press

The Cabinet has despatched a telegram to Shanghai, asking the Northern peace delegates to remain in office. It has also wired to the Tuchun of Kiangsu, General Li Shun, to use his influence to avoid a break with the South.

Mr. Hsiung Hsi-ling has undertaken to urge Messrs. Tang Shao-yi and Chu Chi-chien not to resign. But he will not go down South.

Because of the difficulty of finding suitable men for the heads of the Ministries of Communications and Education, the Vice-Ministers of the departments will be asked to take charge of the Ministries for the time being.

The Government has approved the suggestion of the Ministry of Communications to confer the Wen Hu (Striped Tiger) Order on the Postal Commissioners of Peking, Shanghai and Honan.

Chiang Chung-hsiang, is recovering from his injuries and is preparing to resign as Minister to Tokio. The letter of resignation will be telegraphed to all the provinces.

The Tibetan Mohammedans are threatening Tsinghai. As Kansu refuses to assist in the suppression, the Joint Bureau of the General and the Ministry of War has asked Tuchun Chang Kwan-lien to despatch certain units for the defense of his province and the frontier, because it would be difficult to send other forces.

Bidding Is Spirited In Property Auction

Four More Lots Of Enemy Holdings In French Concession Go In Sales

Four more lots of enemy property were disposed of yesterday at the auctions conducted by Messrs. Fano, Basset and Thesmar in accordance with instructions of the French and the Chinese authorities. They included property formerly possessed by Dr. von Schab, Mr. C. Baedeker and Mr. Th. Moeller.

The von Schab property, consisting of land with an area of 3.322 mow near Avenue du Roi Albert, was sold to Mr. J. A. W. Loureiro for Tls. 4,000. The Moeller holdings, consisting of land measuring about four and a half mow with a modern house was hammered down to Mr. Jupiter Zih, compradore of the Sumitomo Bank, for Tls. 30,000. Of the two lots belonging formerly to Baedeker, the one situated at Route Doumer, with an area of 2.55 mow, was acquired by W. Che Hong for Tls. 4,900 while the other, situated at 271 Avenue du Roi Albert, with an area of 7.96 mow with two modern dwelling houses, was sold to Mr. H. Y. Chui for Tls. 27,500.

As on Thursday, there was a good deal of keen competition in the bidding. Messrs. S. K. Chen and N. T. Yang of the Bureau of Foreign Affairs, were present on behalf of the Chinese authorities to supervise the auction, which was conducted by M. Thesmar.

Through an error the amount offered by Mr. M. Demetis, who secured the von Schab property sold Thursday, was made to read in our yesterday's report as Tls. 25,000, instead of Tls. 32,000.

EFFECTS OF BOYCOTT ARE FELT BY JAPANESE

Whole City Is Placarded With Posters Asking Support For Movement

While several unique ways were devised by Nantao to further the boycott on things Japanese, the movement took an advance in the Settlements yesterday when telephone and telegraph posts, fronts of unoccupied premises and walls of all shops lining the main thoroughfares were covered with posters, bills, cartoons, poetic proclamations and stencilled characters, calling on Chinese to place a complete embargo on Nipponese products. The campaigners were busy at work during the previous night.

The work was done overnight. It was thorough and clever. Some of the handbills pasted on Japanese shop doors in the night were so arranged as to make them look like sealing orders issued by Chinese yamens. The dissenters were branded with all kinds of names. Huge rubber stamps were made and the clean walls of the modern stores were stamped with the characters: "Boycott Japanese Goods." The exchange shops and banks as well as several silk and jewelry stores came out openly with the announcement that no Japanese bank notes would be accepted.

Display Japanese Wares

In Nantao, the sight was even more impressive. Japanese crockery, contributed by agitators, were strung along electric posts with the label: "These are made in Japan, don't you buy them." Enamelled wash basins made in the Islands were displayed with appropriate inscriptions, such as "Take me back to Japan, no home for me here!" "Yes, I am Japanese, so I deserve this untimely death!" and "Distinguish me from your own products." Other articles, including towels, shirts, beer bottles, sweets, sauce bottles, and other things were hoisted up in the air on bamboo poles with the singular expression that they were made in Japan and Chinese should hate them as poison. Up to yesterday there was no police interference.

The first contingent of open-air speakers, urging the non-use of Japanese goods appeared yesterday in the amusement parks. They were organised by students. Cartoons prepared by the West Gate Drawing School were distributed.

Japanese Feel Pinch

The Japanese shipping concerns in Shanghai are suffering the heaviest pinch in the boycott. According to the compradore of one Japanese shipping company in Shanghai, the entire clientele of Chinese has forsaken his company. Meanwhile, the shortage of Chinese shipping accommodation is seriously felt. The congestion in the upriver ports, according to information received by the local merchants, is unprecedented. Chinese are demanding the native steamship companies to put more vessels to service along the Yangtsze ports.

A list of Japanese manufactured cotton yarns was published by the local Chinese press yesterday. Some of the chops used by the Nipponese, it is pointed out, bear a great deal of similarity to the Chinese products.

The two leading Chinese department stores, the Wing On and Sinceres, while instructing their agents in Japan not to order any more stock, have issued a call for native products. Huge advertisements inserted by the companies appeared in the local press, inviting the native merchants to submit their wares and quotations. After stating that they would not import any more goods from Japan and would cease to sell Japanese made goods after the present stock is exhausted, they welcomed all native products and said that they would not only sell them themselves, but would undertake to sell them in other ports, where their companies have branches.

Instructors Discharged

The Vocational School of China at the West Gate discharged their two Japanese instructors Thursday after paying them in full in accordance with the agreements. These tutors were employed to teach type-moulding and the making of laboratory apparatus and other implements at a salary of $160 per month. The contracts stipulated the terms of office for six months. The school authorities paid the Japanese $1,800 and told them to go.

The Liang Kiang School, North Chekiang Road, which had a department for the studying of Chinese dialects for Japanese, dissolved the department Thursday and dismissed the students.

Even among the coolie class, the movement is having an effective result. A large number of ricsha coolies refused yesterday to pull Japanese. When asked why they did not take the fare, the simple reply was "No wanchee pulee Japanee." At Ningpo, it is learned, a Japanese steamer was forced to return to Nagasaki with a shipload of coal, because the local coolies would not unload the fuel, in spite of the fact that they were tempted with handsome wages.

Where Does the Money Go?

Even the average man lets a lot of money slip away in a lifetime.

Make no mistake—every dollar thoughtlessly squandered will sometime be NEEDED, and every dollar laid away in the bank will one day come handy.

Have a SAVINGS account. Add something to it from time to time.

If you do, it will soon take on SIZE. In time it will make you a master among men.

THE AMERICAN-ORIENTAL BANKING CORPORATION
15 Nanking Road

DEFENDANT ARGUES CASE IN TENANCY DAMAGE SUIT

Mr. Hammond Defends Action In Regard To Lease Of Foochow Road Property

A lengthy argument in defense of his position was given in the British Supreme Court yesterday by J. T. Hammond in the case wherein an injunction and damages have been asked by L'Epargne Franco-Chinois in connection with their tenancy of premises at 6 Foochow Road—the old German Post Office. The case is being heard before Sir Havilland de Sausmarez.

The tenor of defendant's argument was that the steps taken by him to end plaintiffs' tenancy were justified both by the terms of the memorandum of lease and on account of the nature of the tenants' business, which defendant declared to be against English law. He submitted that the taking out of the lease by Mr. H. S. Dufour had not been in good faith, inasmuch as the latter had appeared to be acting for a bank. If he were wrong in his action, the defendant submitted, it was only technically so and he believed himself to be morally right. In conclusion he appealed to the Court to take into consideration what its decision would mean in the future of the settlement, as great public interest had been aroused and many awaited the final decision as having a bearing on whether gambling under any guise was to be permitted in the settlement.

Mr. D. McNeill, counsel for the plaintiffs, replied to the argument and the case was then adjourned to allow the court to inspect the Foochow Road premises.

SHANGHAI CRICKET CLUB IS 'AT HOME' TO FRIENDS

Many Attend Function And Inspect Newly Renovated Quarters

With a fine, but slightly windy, day in their favor the Shanghai Cricket Club yesterday afternoon was "at home" to a good gathering of guests of both sexes.

After tea, which was served in the Tea Tent at the western entrance to the Club's ground, was over the guests were shown over the newly renovated Pavilion.

From the reinforced concrete staircase at the Western end of the Pavilion leading to the roof, from where a good view of any sport on the Race Course can always be obtained, guests were shown over the fine wide steps, also of concrete, in the front of the pavilion. Between both Eastern and Western dressing rooms, both very nicely refitted, the baths and showers are situated and for up-to-dateness they take a lot of beating. The Committee and Secretary of the Club are to be heartily congratulated on the very fine club house they have had made and members, among whom yesterday there were many back from the front, should be more than pleased at having so comfortable a Club to go to. During the afternoon the Town Band rendered various and pleasing selections.

American Soda Fountain at SULLIVAN'S

Be sure to get it at WING ON'S It Pays!

A sluggish liver is the cause of most of the languid feeling and ill-health of the Tropics. Try SAL HEPATICA—mild but effective—compounded entirely of harmless salts, and so does not create a habit or the need for increasing the dose. At all dispensing chemists. Full directions on each jar.

Sal Hepatica

For Sale

THREE MODERN RESIDENCES on one of the most desirable streets in the French Concession

The houses are all rented and in first-class condition. As an investment this property will show a return of 10% PER ANNUM NET

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where they will continue as heretofore their business in Jewellery, Watches, Diamonds, etc.

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ALL BRITISH
R. O. M. TYRES
HAVE STOOD THE TEST
Stocked by SHANGHAI GARAGE CO. Shanghai
Sole Agents

BREAK IN SHANGHAI DISCUSSED IN PEKING

President Calls Meeting To Consider Demands Made By The South

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, May 14.—The President today summoned Tuan Chi-jui, the members of the Cabinet, the chairman of the Senate and the chairman of the House of Representatives to discuss the eight points which the Northern delegate, Mr. Chu Chi-chien, had submitted as the basis on which the South is prepared to negotiate peace. The point referring to Kiaochow represents action the Government has already taken. The others were deemed impracticable.

While some points meet with general approval, they call for action which is impossible at the present time, for the pro-Japanese element is preparing a big effort to resume power and to attempt to enforce the points would precipitate an outbreak.

Meanwhile there is a growing spirit of opposition towards the political efforts of the pro-Japanese party to make capital out of the national disaster and this latest bombshell from the South has placed the loyal elements of the government in a very awkward position from which at present there appears to be no way of escape without playing into unfriendly hands.

Plan To Control Country Is Launched By Military Party

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Peking, May 13.—The military party, led by Hsu Shu-cheng, Tuan Chi-jui and General Ting Shih-yuan, director of the Peking-Suiyuan Railway, has been very active since the capital was thrown into a state of unrest over the loss of China's case at Paris; and under cover of this excitement its leaders have succeeded in maturing a plan by which they hope to bring the entire country under their control. Rumors of their activities, which have been circulating in official and newspaper circles for several days, have now taken the form of definite statements, to which credence is given by most of the well informed persons who are interested in seeing China's internal problem settled on the basis of a union between the North and the South.

Little Hsu Leader

Little Hsu is the leader of the new military movement, and, supported by Generals Tuan and Ting, the latter of whom is able to swing considerable financial interests as a result of his position in the Peking-Suiyuan and Kinhan Railways, he is preparing to float heavy bond issues for the construction of railways in Manchuria and the adjoining sections of Mongolia. He has arranged that these bonds shall be taken up by Japanese capitalists interested in railway construction in those territories; and his negotiations towards this end have been smoothed by General Ting, who is close to Japanese interests, and the pro-Japanese officials in Tsao Ju-lin's Ministry of Communications.

With the money derived from the floating of these bonds Hsu and his colleagues intend to organise their military forces, occupy and control the capital and, with Peking as an assured base, work down through the Yangtsze to the South, which they will attack in full force. The three Yangtsze Tuchuns, who have long since declared their neutrality in the conflict between the North and the South, will either be bought over or compelled to maintain their status as neutrals by force, an event which will make them actually the allies of the Southern Government. This latter contingency does not, however, appear to alarm the militarists, who are of the opinion that money will accomplish everything for them. And they have provided for all the funds that they think they will require.

President's Position In Doubt

The status of President Hsu Shih-chang in this latest plan to reunite the country according to the ideas of the military party has not as yet been made clear. In a military sense President Hsu is powerless, and it is reported that he may be kept in the presidency as a figure-head to lend an air of legality to the proposed movement and give it "face" in those districts of the country that have been on the fence throughout the conflict between the North and the South. On the other hand it is felt that Hsu would hardly consent to retain office under such circumstances and that in this event the militarists would be only too glad to let him go.

The situation is developing rapidly, and more information in regard to it cannot fail to be forthcoming soon.

News Brevities

Dr. James P. Connolly, appointed clerk of the United States Court for China, has arrived in Shanghai, from America, accompanied by his wife and daughter.

* * *

Bail of $10 each was forfeited in the Mixed Court yesterday in the case of six women and fourteen men taken by Central Station detectives in a gambling raid in Peking Road last Thursday. A quantity of gambling paraphernalia and money seized in the place was confiscated.

* * *

The opening game of the season of the Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club will be held this afternoon at 4 o'clock on the Club grounds.

* * *

The Rev. C. E. Darwent, pastor of the Union Church, returned to Shanghai Thursday after an extensive lecture tour in North and Western China.

* * *

The Municipal Service Club will hold another hearts' drive Wednesday at 9 o'clock.

* * *

The exhibition of oil and water color paintings being given by Mr. H. Ishii and Mr. K. Zielenlewski at the Palace Hotel proved of much interest to quite a number of visitors yesterday. It continues today between the hours of 10 a.m. and 9 p.m.

* * *

The McTyeire School will give its annual physical demonstration on the school lawn, 1 Edinburgh Road, this afternoon at 4:30 o'clock.

* * *

A claim for Tls. 310 was brought against J. T. Hammond yesterday in the British Supreme Court by Nee Tai Shing Coal Hong through Mr. M. L. Heen as counsel. The claim was for coal supplied by the plaintiff hong. Defendant admitted liability to the extent of Tls. 147.57 which amount he paid into Court. After the opening remarks by Mr. Heen the hearing of the case was adjourned till this morning.

* * *

The following promotions among members of the Municipal Police were announced yesterday: Sub-Inspector Steele and Sub-Inspector Sinclair to be Third Class Inspectors and Sergeants Croodake, Sullivan, Campbell, Whiting and Prosser to be Sub-Inspectors.

* * *

Mr. Leon Friedman has been appointed general manager and Mr. Max Friedman sales manager of the Shanghai Garage Co., Ltd.,

* * *

Under the patronage of the Allied Consuls, a Polish Fete will be held at the Cercle Sportif Francais on the evening of May 23. Proceeds of the function will go to the funds for destitute Poles.

* * *

Mr. Duncan McNeill, the British lawyer, is leaving for England on a nine months' furlough on June 14.

* * *

A funeral procession will be held for the late Mr. Ziar Lung-whai, Chinese Manager of the Commercial Bank of China, tomorrow. The cortege will leave the residence of the deceased on North Honan Road at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning, and will pass North Soochow Road, Szechuen Road Bridge, Ningpo Road, Kwangse Road, Foochow Road, the Bund and the French Bund, where the coffin will be conveyed by a Ningpo and Shaoshing Steamship Company vessel to Shaoshing, Chekiang.

* * *

A Chinese chauffeur was fined $5 in the Mixed Court yesterday for failure to obey the new one-way traffic regulation applying to Kiangse Road.

BRITAIN'S FINANCES DISCUSSED IN COMMONS

Chancellor Presenting Budget Gives General Review Of Situation

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, April 30.—In the House of Commons today the Budget was introduced by Mr. Austen Chamberlain, Chancellor of the Exchequer, who emphasised the difficulty of his task owing to the people now refusing to save or lend money as readily as during the war.

Up to March 31, 1919, the Nationed Debt was £7,435 millions, as compared with last year's estimate of £7,980 millions, and at the outbreak of the war of £640 millions.

The issues made by the Exchequer last year were £393 millions below the estimates.

Keep Within Estimates

The estimated daily expenditure was £8,143,000 while the actual daily expenditure was £7,067,000. Taking the period before and since the armistice, from April to November 9 last year the daily expenditure had been £7,443,000 and from November 9 it was £6,476,000. The reduction would have been greater but for the expenditure in connection with demobilisation, which included £52 million for gratuities and £13 million for unemployment.

The estimated revenue for the past financial year was £842 millions while the actual revenue was £889 millions. The receipts exceeded the estimates by £47 millions. The Inland Revenue had increased under every heading and the Customs and Excise showed a surplus over the estimate of £14,520,000, of which tea accounted for £2 millions.

Current Expenditures

The estimated expenditure for the current year was approximately £1,437 millions and the estimated revenue £1,160 millions, without new taxes, or £270 millions above the receipts of the last financial year.

Of the total expenditure during the closing of the fiscal year 34.7 percent had been provided from revenue and the balance from borrowing. Our record in this respect during the past five years was unequalled by any other belligerent: National War Bonds had provided £986 millions and War Savings Certificates £89 millions.

The National Debt comprised £6,085 millions of internal and £1,350 millions of external debt. On the asset side were the obligations of our Allies and Dominions, which amounted on March 31 to £1,739 millions, of which £171 millions was owed by the Dominions and £1,568 millions by our Allies. Russia owed £568 millions, France £434 millions, Italy £412 and a half millions, Belgium £86 millions and Servia £18 millions.

RAIN AND WIND CANNOT PUT IT OUT.

WHAT IS SAID ABOUT THE WYSE PIPE No. 5.

"They are just what we want because every man-jack of us is constantly out on the line in all weathers—cigarettes are impossible, but your pipe enables us to still enjoy our smoke."—Lt. H. W.——, B.E.F.

THOUSANDS of British Officers have tested the Wyse Pipe under the worst weather conditions and consider it an ESSENTIAL PART OF THEIR PIPE OUTFIT—it is the only pipe you can smoke in bad weather. Even the heaviest rain and wind cannot put it out, the "roofed-in" top (see diagram) guarantees this. It smokes perfectly under a tap of running water even.

The Wyse Pipe burns from the bottom upwards, yet it has the appearance of a high class pipe. Page 3 of booklet explains why the ASHES DO NOT DROP OUT.

The Wyse Pipe

London made of genuine French Briar Root. Popular grade, $2.00; Extra quality, $3.50; Silver mounted, $4.50; De Luxe quality, well-aged briar root, beautifully finished, $6.50

Obtainable from WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & Co., Ltd. Shanghai, Tientsin, Hongkong & Hankow

Sole Manufacturers.-LAST WORD & WYBE PATENTS, Ltd., London, Eng.

Hall & Holtz, Ltd.

14 NANKING ROAD

ROYAL WORCESTER CORSETS

We have just received the latest styles of these renowned CORSETS, unequalled in style and finish. Models to suit all figures.

Here is presented an exquisite new corset modelled for wear now.

STYLE 578 average figure, low bust, elastic side section price $6.50 pair

Bon Ton CORSETS

BON TON CORSETS are leaders, and always look the part. Down to the smallest details, top quality is always maintained.

STYLE 871, as illustration, in Pink or White Fancy broche, 3" bust average figure. A beautifully gored model, with the fashionably low, full bust. Will give the wearer particularly stylish lines. Very long skirt, size 19 to 30. $10.50 pair

ROYAL WORCESTER CORSETS FOR MISSES, IN TWO STYLES.

Provision Department

Lemos Lemon Squash	0.60	per bot.
	6.50	„ doz.
Lime Juice Cordial	0.60	„ bot.
	6.50	„ doz.
Ice Cream Powder, Lemon, Vanilla, Raspberry and Strawberry	0.20	„ pkt.

Hall & Holtz, Ltd.

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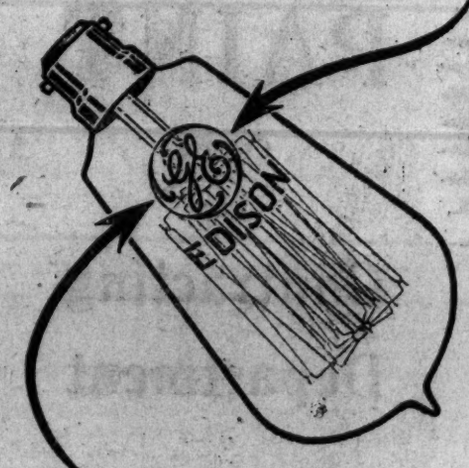
The Guarantee of Excellence on Goods Electrical



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Andersen, Meyer & Co. Ltd., Sole Agents for China.

Draw the cork and HAIG & HAIG SCOTS WHISKY will sing its own praises.

The quantity is limited
The quality is rare
You cannot get me everywhere

Haig & Haig Five Stars Scots Whisky

I am a famous bottle because of the famous contents that I carry. You will always have to pay a little more for me than for other bottles of Whisky because no other bottle carries quite so fine a Whisky.

I am welcomed and esteemed in all good clubs and cultured homes, and wherever people of good taste meet and have fellowship—not for myself, remember. I am only a bottle; I am famous for the fact that I contain HAIG & HAIG FIVE STARS SCOTS WHISKY.

DOCTORS ARE CALLING FOR ME
MERCHANT PRINCES ARE CALLING FOR ME
KINGS OF FINANCE ARE CALLING FOR ME
JUDGES ARE CALLING FOR ME
SCOTSMEN EVERYWHERE ARE CALLING FOR ME
ARE YOU?

Place your orders in advance and make as sure as you can of getting me.

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SHANGHAI

The "Three Castles"

Virginia Cigarettes

MAGNUMS

Better because larger.

The tobacco in the Magnums is the same bright Virginia tobacco found in regular Three Castles.

The difference in size makes the Magnums a fuller, richer cigarette while retaining all the mild flavor of the smaller cigarette.

Guaranteed Manufactured in England.

This advertisement is issued by the British-American Tobacco Co. (China) Ltd.

AMERICAN SCHOOL FETE IS COLORFUL AFFAIR

Large Attendance Enjoys Pleasing May Festival Held On Baptist Mission Lawn

A colorful and animated scene was that presented on the lawn of the Baptist Mission compound on North Szechuen Road yesterday afternoon when the pupils of the American School held their annual May Festival. The affair was attended by fully 400 persons, all of whom expressed hearty enjoyment of the program.

The processional started promptly at 5 o'clock, when a blare of bugles was heard in the distance. Then appeared the vanguard of the procession. Roy Squires, Henry Waters, Eugene Parker, Rodney Moffat, Alec Moffat and Alan Keys, dressed in forest green, advanced to dance before the Queen's throne, a handsome creation of roses and bamboos set before a dark green background and flanked by the colorful May poles with their red, white and blue streamers. Accompanying the foresters was Edward Everett as Court Jester and Harold Brewster as Hobby Horse. Following the dance one of the foresters blew a long blast on his bugle and Miss Louise Rowe of Nanking, chosen by the School as Queen of the May, appeared. She was appropriately dressed in white silk gown, with long train and was preceded by Anna Kelhofer, Wilmot Castle, Rosa Brockman, Betty Martin, Archie Mason and Leonard Brown who carried baskets of rose petals with which they strewed the path to the throne. Little Margaret Meyers followed with the crown and Joe McCracken and Kempton Fitch attended as pages. At the foot of the throne the Queen knelt to be crowned, while a chorus sang "Crown Her Queen of May."

Then followed a "Mountains March" and an Irish dance by thirty girls dressed in white. The first and second grades then gave an interesting "Kinderpolka" and the third and fourth grades a "Klapdans" which was followed by an "Ox Dans," involving a mock fight.

Mrs. W. H. Lacy, president of the American Woman's College Club, then made a short speech, in which she cited the Club as being in the position of a "big sister" to the school, and with fitting words presented fifty standard books to the American School library. Mr. W. H. Hudson, of the school board, responded.

The presentation was followed by a "Flax Dance," a "Lassie Dance" and a "Spanish Scarf Dance," the last being especially artistic and colorful because of the many-colored scarves used by the girls and the graceful posing. The first four grades then gave a "Shoemakers' Dance" and a "Peek-a-Boo Dance" and the program closed with the May Pole Dance, for which the girls wore special costumes. Thirty girls with green pointed jackets over white dresses and wearing ivy wreaths made the final scene enchanting as they wound the red, white and blue streamers in and out round about the poles.

Great credit for the entertainment is due Miss LaMond, of the American School, who drilled the folk dancers; Miss Mabel Jennings, who drilled the Queen and her attendants and managed the program in general, and Mr. Gill, who was in charge of the decorations. Miss Gladys Ward provided the piano music throughout the program.

TRADE WITH GERMANY IS NOT DISCOURAGED

Peking Legation Says Action Is Taken To Aid Teutons In Establishing Credits

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, May 14.—Reuter's Agency is informed by the British Legation that with a view to assisting Germany to invest credits in neutral countries for the purchase of food supplies in accordance with the promise of consideration given by the Delegates at Brussels, the Supreme Economic Council has informed the German Government that no firm in any neutral country will in future incur the penalty of blacklisting on account of:

1. Having exported foodstuffs to Germany within limits approved and in accordance with the regulation of the Associated Governments.
2. Having afforded credits to Germany for the purchase of such foodstuffs.
3. Having imported goods permitted by the Associated Governments to be exported from Germany.

The German Government has also been informed that negotiations and trading with firms in neutral countries, even though on the black list, will be permitted subject to the Blockade Section of the Supreme Economic Council.

TAKE ADVANTAGE
OF THE
HIGH EXCHANGE
Carry a Gold
Dollar Account
WITH
AMERICAN EXPRESS
COMPANY
No. 8 Kiukiang Road

The Laura Guerite Co.

The Laura Guerite Revue Company opens its Shanghai engagement with a vaudeville bill at the Lyceum theater this evening. A "vaudeville banquet" is the descriptive applied to the program and in it each of the members will be seen in characteristic turns which have provoked flattering press comment throughout the company's present tour. Miss Guerite will be heard in a number of late popular songs; Mr. George Ross in comedy and musical numbers; Miss Edith Hyland in songs; and Carlton Chase in still other popular ditties in light comedy vein. Hal, the jesting juggler, will be in evidence, as will also Bertie and Benson, who dance, juggle and provide other enlivening entertainment. There will be in addition chorus numbers and turns by other artists. The booking is at Moutrie's.

TSAI YUAN-PEI MISSING WHILE STUDENTS STRIKE

Chancellor Of University Has Disappeared Since He Left Peking

Where is Mr. Tsai Yuan-pei, the Chancellor of the Government University of Peking?

This is now the common question asked by students all over China.

Since the demonstration in Peking and since his struggle for the release of the students, Mr. Tsai has disappeared. Mysteriously he has disappeared. Students have scouted Peking for him. They have scouted for him in Tientsin. Now they are scouting Shanghai for him, but so far they have failed. Advertisements were inserted in the Chinese press yesterday, inquiring as to the whereabouts of Mr. Tsai.

People who know of his whereabouts or who can furnish information leading to the discovery of Mr. Tsai are requested to communicate with Mr. Fan Hao at the Chinese Y.M.C.A.

Mr. Fan and nine other students of the Government University arrived in Shanghai in search for Mr. Tsai.

Meanwhile 10,000 students in Peking are on strike so that Mr. Tsai might return to office.

FIRE DAMAGES 3 SHOPS

Three Chinese shops at the corner of North Szechuen and Tiendong Roads were damaged by fire and water in a blaze which broke out at 10:30 o'clock last night.

A previous alarm was turned in shortly before 6:30 p.m. when a tar boiler in operation in connection with construction of new buildings on Kiukiang Road boiled over. There was practically no damage.

The quick checking of a blaze in an egg hong at PP-8 Tatung Road shortly after midnight of Thursday night saved threatened surrounding property, including a flour mill. The building was burning briskly when the Brigade arrived but was rapidly attacked from all sides and prevented from spreading to the corner block it threatened.

Loh Sung-hou Victim Of Thrower Of Acid

A quantity of acid was thrown about the body of Mr. Loh Sung-hou, member of the municipal council in Nantao, when he was returning home Thursday night in a ricsha near the North Gate. His face was seriously burnt and will be permanently disfigured although his general condition is not considered serious. No arrest was made.

ANTHRAX BILL IS UP IN HOUSE OF COMMONS

Measure Is Drawn To Prevent Spread Of Infection From Shipments

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, May 2.—In the House of Commons Sir Hamar Greenwood moved the second reading of the Prevention of Anthrax Bill, empowering prohibition of the importation of goods infected or likely to be infected with anthrax: compulsory disinfection of infected wool and similar goods and the establishment of State works for the disinfection of infected goods at the importer's cost.

Sir Hamar Greenwood said that, despite all precautions, the number of cases of anthrax in the wool and allied trades steadily increased. The Bill was based on the unanimous recommendations of a committee representing the trades concerned. An anthrax process for effectively eliminating the anthrax germ without affecting the material had been discovered and the cost of establishing the first disinfecting station was estimated at over £40,000. As soon as it was erected the plan was to start disinfecting East Indian goat-hair, which was one of the sources of infection.

Australia and New Zealand had already stamped out the disease and there was every reason to hope that the other Dominions would prevent the export of infected material. The matter would doubtless be referred to the International Health Department which was being established under the auspices of the League of Nations.

The Bill passed its second reading.

Obituary

Sir Frank Crisp

Reuter's Service

London, May 1.—The death is announced of Sir Frank Crisp, the well known city solicitor.

Engineering Society Meeting Is Postponed

The Engineering Society of China announces that circumstances have arisen which make it necessary to postpone the annual general meeting previously scheduled to take place on May 27. Notice of the date of the meeting will be given in due course.

INTERNAL DISSENTION DEVELOPS IN FUKIEN

Officials Apparently Chosen As Result Of Fighting Among Factions

(China Press Correspondence)

Hinghwa, Fukien, May 9.—The past few days there has been considerable fighting in the Counties of Sienyu and Yungchun owing to disagreements among the bandit allies of the South. The turmoil seems to be a method of electing or appointing officials. Some time ago a member of the Parliament at Canton returned to his home in Yungchun. He thought that his services for the South merited the magistracy of Yungchun. But he found a magistrate already installed with his small garrison of troops about him and wholly disinclined to give up his office to another.

The member of Parliament had to retire but spent the time in gathering forces under local leaders. Last week these forces succeeded in capturing Yungchun City and took the magistrate and his force prisoners. They were all disarmed. But the victory was short lived. Southern forces arrived from the South and last Monday the city was retaken. Considerable looting took place during these operations.

There was also fighting in Sienyu the past week. The Southern camp there as in Yungchun has two main divisions. One faction styles themselves the Fukien Protection Guards. The other faction claims to be the genuine Southern army. Both are composed largely of professional bandits. In the fight the Fukien Protection Guards were defeated with considerable loss.

The country in those regions is subjected to acute distress. While there are two main divisions of the forces in those regions there are numerous heads in each division and constant friction between rivals so that the people are in constant terror of an outbreak. Many former bandit leaders have set themselves up as officers in the Southern army. Chiefs with one or two scouts of men are called Captains and Majors. One famous leader of bandits with only a hundred or two followers is a "General." The South has been forced to recognise many of these leaders. They must have salaries befitting their ranks. The money of course is raised by levies upon the people. Every day merchants and prominent men are moving out from those regions going to the Straits Settlements or to other parts of China.

PEKING FOOD PRICES ARE TO BE REGULATED

Measures To Remedy Shortage Are Being Taken By The Authorities

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Peking, May 13.—Peking has for some months been going through a food shortage, due principally to inadequate and badly managed transportation facilities, and that portion of the population which lives from hand to mouth has been suffering great hardships from the resulting high prices of foodstuffs. The situation has now got so bad that the authorities have found it necessary to take definite measures of relief, and for the past few weeks representatives of the metropolitan police have been conducting investigations into the supplies of food on hand and the prices charged for the staple foodstuffs used by the masses of the people.

The result of this official investigation is that the police will henceforth regulate the price of rice, flour, millet meal and maize flour, the maximum charge for these commodities at the Peking shops to be 9, 7, 6 and 5 coppers per catty respectively. This is reported to be the first time in the history of Peking that an attempt has been made to regulate the cost of food.

NATIONALITY WHAT?

(French Wireless To Reuter)

Paris, May 15.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza).—The Admiralissimo (?) arrived at Lille yesterday. He was received by the General Commanding the 1st Army Corps and M. Naudeng, the Prefect of the Nord Department.

The admiral announced that the American sailors were coming shortly to the north to proceed with the erection of the barracks handed over by America to France.

SHANGHAI ICE & COLD STORAGE
COMPANY, LIMITED
CENTRAL OFFICE
Edward Ezra Building, 24 Nanking Road
PURE MACHINE MADE ICE PURE MACHINE MADE
Delivered Free anywhere in the Settlements at 2½ cents (Mex.) per lb.
Orders to be sent to the Company's Office as above: Tel. C. 662-63: after office hours N. 663.
DEPOTS
are open for the sale of this ice at
Hongkew Market — 68 Avenue Joffre
Maloo Market — 8 Thorne Road
Wayside Market — 69 Yangtszepoo Road
6-10 A.M. —— 4-6 P.M.
where
10 lbs. of Ice will be given in exchange for a Metal Check. Checks are now on sale at the Company's Offices, $4.00 for 20 Checks.
22286

The
NATIONAL PORTABLE TYPEWRITER
(Model No. 3)

Here is a portable typewriter of standard type-bar construction, with rigid, durable frame of cold rolled steel—built to stand rough usage—full size universal keyboard, full width carriage; has every essential advantage of the big typewriters; yet stands only 6¾-in. high and weighs a little over 9 pounds complete. The New Model No. 3 is a material improvement over all previous models in fact, a great little machine. Two colour ribbon, backspacer, easy removal of typebars, etc.
Complete with Carrying Case Mx. $75
THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.
22 Nanking Rd., Shanghai.
Phone, C4778.
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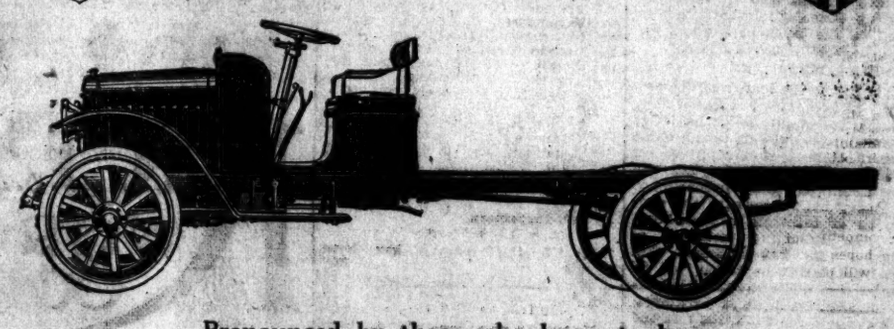
MAXWELL TRUCKS



Pronounced by those who know to be
The Truck for Shanghai.
The illustration shows the sturdy strength which characterises this wonderful vehicle. It is supplied ready for use and complete with solid tyres (pressed on) 32×3 inches front and 32×4 inches rear, seat, front fenders, electric headlights and tail-light, electric horn, generator, storage battery, tools, etc.
ONE TON TRUCKS IN STOCK
Manufactured by the famous
Maxwell Motor Co., Inc., Detroit, Mich.
Ask for a demonstration from
THE SHANGHAI GARAGE CO., LTD.
Owning and operating
THE STAR GARAGE
Phones: West 197 and 131
THE EASTERN GARAGE
Phones: Central 1159 and 2711

Home of Lamps
& Wiring Supplies
Brilliant Electric Company
Consulting Engineers & Electrical Contractors
P564, Nanking Road, Shanghai.
'Phone: C. 4907
The "Brilliant" on This Lamp means Brilliant Light
We are specialists in good Lighting. Lighting advice and plans on request.
A-69

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Ladies Prize Shoot

Entries for the Ladies Prize competition of the Shanghai Rifle Association closed on Thursday. One hundred and eighty-four ladies have entered which is the record entry for this competition. The following are the results:—

LADIES	COMPETITORS
Mrs. Ackerman	Y. Hori
Miss M. Aldridge	W. H. Leslie
Miss M. Andersen	W. E. Sauer
Mrs. E. Aquino	F.J.W. Melville
Mrs. G. F. Ashley	E. Fasting
Mrs. G. F. Ashley	W. J. Terrill
Mrs. Awono, N.	A. Q. Adamson
Mrs. Ashton, L.	J. Macbeth
Miss Ayako	A. C. Godby
Mrs. J. Bartolini	W.J.E. Foryth
Miss I. Bartolini	C. L. Boynton
Miss Beck, C. A.	E. W. Godfrey
Mrs. Botelho, J. H.	R.D. Stafford
Mrs. Bleuler, C.	F. E. Hodges
Mrs. Bleuler, C.	H. F. Cranfield
Mrs. Bleuler, C.	S. Okada
Mrs. Bleuler, C.	H. Bone
Mrs. Bleuler, C.	A. L. Mottu
Mrs. Bleuler, C.	E. M. Reid
Mrs. Bleuler, C.	H. F. Bradley
Mrs. Bleuler, C.	R. Sasada
Mrs. Bleuler, C.	C. E. Larsen
Mrs. Bleuler, C.	K. D. Chen
Mrs. Bone C.	S. H. Peek
Mrs. Bone C.	A. F. Gomes
Mrs. Britton, T. C.	J. M. Diniz
Mrs. Chow, T. T.	A. S. Goldsmith
Mrs. Cameron, J. E.	W.G.C. Clifford
Mrs. Collaco, A. M.	H. S. Benner
Miss Collaco, Hilda	G. V. Jensen
Miss Collaco, Bertha	A. M. Collaco
Miss Collaco, Maria	G. F. Forshaw
Miss Collaco, Margarita	T. C. Britton
Miss Cola, Rona	G. H. Willder
Mrs. Cola, R. G. H.	G. A. Fitch
Mrs. Chang Chee-ong	F. J. Hinton
Mrs. Chen, K. D.	E. K. Howe
Mrs. Ching Tige	S. Stevenson
Mrs. Clifford, C. W.	P. G. Tate
Mrs. Costa, Marie	T. Nagaike
Mrs. Cogan, E.	L. Canda
Miss Dahl	K. Nomura
Miss Dahl	T. Spring
Mrs. Dewing, C. D.	Y. Tamura
Mrs. Etterley, W. H.	H. Lane
Mrs. Evans, J.	F. Bonichi
Mrs. Evans, J.	Z. Fukuchi
Mrs. Evans, J.	C. P. Grant
Mrs. Fernandes, H.	P. D. Sullivan
Mrs. Fong, Y. S.	H. Priestley
Mrs. Fong, Y. S.	F. W. Snape
Mrs. Forsyth, W. J.	J. Bartolini
Mrs. Forsyth, W. J.	J. Johansson
Mrs. Forshaw, G.	T. Watanabe
Miss Forshaw, M.	A. F. Diniz
Miss Fujii	C. H. Ryde
Mrs. Grant, C. P.	C. W. Marshall
Mrs. Godby, A. C.	W. G. Smith
Miss Godby, M.	A. Dahl
Miss Gable, L.	J. Pereira
Miss Gutierrez, A.	C. Matsuno
Mrs. Gidley, S.	Y. S. Fong
Mrs. Gray, W.	K. Tsunoda
Mrs. Harvey, W. H.	D. Kajiwara
Mrs. Harvey, W. H.	G. F. Ashley
Mrs. Hyndman, T.	H. Kodaira
Miss Hyndman, W.	F. Gutierrez
Mrs. Howe, E. M.	R. G. H. Cole
Mrs. Howe, L. R.	W. O. Lancaster
Miss Hiraoka, Y.	M. Iijima
Miss Hiraoka, K.	C. Matthews
Mrs. Hiraoka, N.	William Hu.
Mrs. Hinton, F. J.	D. McAllister
Mrs. Hodges, F. E.	R. Ito
Miss Hodgman, J.	H. Noiashiki
Mrs. Y. Hori	R. K. Hykes
Mrs. Ito, R. L.	E. Heen
Miss Ito	T. W. Mitchell
Miss Ireland, M.	C. E. Kline
Miss Iijima, T.	H. W. Lambert
Mrs. Iijima, N.	J. Evans
Mrs. Itoh, U.	C.E.M. Thomson
Mrs. Johansson, J.	O. L. Ibert
Miss Johansson, J.	H. Tobias
Mrs. Jones, M. V.	S. A. Ransom
Mrs. Jones, M.V.	H. F. Barnes
Mrs. Kawamami	W. J. Monk
Mrs. Kodaira, H.	B. Dawson
Miss Kodaira,	R. F. Wilner
Miss Kodaira, M.	H. F. Kay
Mrs. Kew, F. E.	C. Reeves
Mrs. Kew, F. E.	F. T. Smith

LADIES	COMPETITORS
Mrs. Kew, F. E.	E. J. Muller
Mrs. Kew, F. E.	N. Thomson
Mrs. Kew, F. E.	H. F. Munns
Miss Kukuchi, S.	G. H. A. Snow
Mrs. Landers, H. F.	W. T. Rose
Mrs. Lambert, H. W.	P. Markham
Mrs. Leslie, W. H.	T. Ohshima
Mrs. Lancaster, K.	E. A. Prince
Mrs. Lancaster, K.	H. C. Patrick
Mrs. Marshgreen	E. A. G. May
Mrs. Mottu, A. L.	K. McKelvie
Miss Mottu, C.	J. J. Simon
Mrs. Marshall, C. W.	J. J. Simon
Miss Marshall, D.	A. M. Collaco
Miss Marshall, E.	W.J.E. Forsyth
Miss Monk, D. C.	G. V. Jensen
Miss Monk, J.	Z. Fukuchi
Mrs. Monk, W. J.	F.J.W. Melville
Mrs. Mimai, K.	S. A. Ransom
Miss Mimai, S.	E. Fasting
Mrs. McAllister, D.	C.E.M. Thomson
Mrs. Mathews, C.	R. K. Hykes
Mrs. Matthews, C.	C. Matthews
Mrs. Macbeth, J.	C. E. Larsen
Mrs. Melville, F.	H. F. Cranfield
Miss Mino, E.	J. M. Diniz
Miss Matsuda, S.	P. D. Sullivan
Miss Morimoto K.	N. Thomson
Mrs. Noisshiki,	H. F. Barnes
Mrs. Ohshima, T.	A. Q. Adamson
Mrs. Ckada, S.	A. Dahl
Miss Oliveira, M.	D. McAllister
Mrs. Parkins, W. R.	K. Nomura
Mrs. Parkins, W. R.	L. Canda
Mrs. Parkins, W. R.	J. Macbeth
Mrs. Patrick, H. C.	Y. S. Fong
Miss Patrick, B.	Y. Tomura
Miss Prince, H.	P. Markham
Miss Prince, V.	H. F. Munns
Mrs. Prince, E. A.	E. M. Reid
Mrs. Pereira, J.E.M.	C. P. Grant
Mrs. Priestley, H.	W. J. Monk
Mrs. Ransom, S. A.	H. Noisshiki
Mrs. Rasmussen, B.	H. C. Patrick
Mrs. Ramsay, W. G.	T. C. Britton
Mrs. Ramsay, W. G.	T. Watanabe
Miss Ramsay, R.	F. T. Smith
Miss Ramsay, R.	M. Iijima
Mrs. Reeves, C.	C. McBain
Mrs. Robertson, W.B.	H. Tobias
Miss Remedios, D.	C. W. Marshall
Miss Remedios, M.	O. L. Ibert
Mrs. Ryde, C. H.	E. K. Howe
Mrs. Ryde, C. H.	William Hu
Mrs. Ryde, C. H.	F. E. Hodges
Mrs. Ryde, C. H.	W. J. Terrill
Mrs. Ryde, C. H.	T. Onshima
Mrs. Sha. Le-ching	F. Bonichi
Mrs. Saita,	S. H. Peek
Mrs. Stevenson, S.	W. C. C. Clifford
Mrs. Stellinwerff,	E. W. Godfrey
Mrs. Sullivan, H.	Y. Hori
Mrs. Snape, F. W.	T. Spring
Mrs. Souza, E. M.	H. S. Benner
Miss Souza, Lidia	W. T. Rose
Mrs. Sasada, R.	E. Heen
Mrs. Thomson, J.C.	W. G. Smith
Miss Thompson, A.P.	H. Bone
Mrs. Turnbull, G. J.	S. Stevenson
Mrs. Tachikawa,	B. Dawson
Miss Tachikawa,	C. E. Kline
Mrs. Tobias, H.	A. L. Mottu
Mrs. Tobias, H.	G. H. Willder
Mrs. Terrill, W. J.	C. Matsuno
Miss Terrill, N.	H. F. Kay
Mrs. Taylor, J.	A. F. Gomes
Mrs. Thurheer, H.	R. D. Stafford
Mrs. Tsukamoto,	P. D. Tate
Miss Tuttelman.	C. Reeves
Mrs. Tomono, K.	H. Lane
Miss Teruko,	H. Kodaira
Mrs. Tate, G.	T. W. Mitchell
Mrs. Wilner, R. F.	D. Kajiwara
Mrs. Widder, G. H.	E. A. G. May
Miss Willder, K.	G. H. A. Snow
Mrs. Watanabe,	E. J. Muller
Mrs. Yamauchi,	J. Evans
Mrs. Yadohisa, H.	J. Pereira
Mrs. Vinogradova, L.	G. A. Fitch
Mrs. Viloudaki, N.	R. I. Ito
Mrs. Xavier, G. A.	H. F. Bradley

The competition will begin on Sunday, 18th inst. at 1.30 p.m. sharp. The Committe hopes that all the competitors will shoot for this important event.

There will be Fifteen prizes.

Race Meeting Today

The Shanghai Race Club will hold its fourth extra meeting today when a "braw" card of ten races will be run off. The first saddling bell will ring promptly at 2:30 p.m.

Following is the list of races:

1.—The Ayr Stakes, three-quarters of a mile.
2.—The Lanark Selling Race, nine furlongs.
3.—The Edinburgh Handicap, one mile and a half.
4.—The Dundee Plate, half-mile.
5.—The Eglinton Handicap, nine furlongs.
6.—The Glasgow Cup, one mile.
7.—The Stirling Selling Race, five furlongs.
8.—The Dumfries Stakes, one mile.
9.—The Perth Cup, seven furlongs.
10.—The Inverness Plate, one mile and a quarter.

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SHANGHAI TO VANCOUVER

Empress of Asia	14 June
Empress of Japan	27 June
Empress of Russia	12 July
Monteagle	25 July
Empress of Asia	9 August

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PREFERENCE ENDORSED IN BRITISH DOMINIONS

Proposal Subject Of Lengthy Debate When Budget Is Introduced

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, May 1.—The Times comments on the introduction of Imperial Preference which marks an epoch in British Budgets.

"We hope it will be generally accepted on its merits and without undue association with larger controversies," the paper says.

Is a Beginning

In the House of Commons today, during the debate on the Budget, Sir Donald Maclean, the leader of the Non-Coalition Liberals, declared that the proposal for Imperial Preference was the start of a great system of tariff reform which must include food taxes.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer, interrupting, said it was no part of the Government's proposal to impose new duties on food.

Sir Donald Maclean declared that the preferential duty on tea would irritate China and possibly affect our trade relations and exports. The Dominions had little to do with export manufactures and he and his supporters would fight the proposal, which would smash free trade.

Support Not Lacking

Colonel L. C. Amery, Under-Secretary for the Colonies, said that a policy of Imperial Preference had been advocated by all the Imperial Conferences, more than one Royal Commission and all the Dominion Governments. We might hope as a result of this small measure to get an increase, not necessarily of protection in the United Kingdom, but of Inter-Imperial free trade between the Dominions and the Mother Country and between one Dominion and another. Surely that was a worthy object.

Colonel Amery added that there was a very strong body of free traders in Canada who wanted free trade in certain categories and in other categories wanted a 50 percent preference within the Empire. He expressed the opinion that if this policy had been carried out in 1903 we should not have had the very heavy food prices during the war. The world had moved in the last sixteen years, he said. Canada was becoming a great industrial and manufacturing country and she would be capable, under substantial preference, in the next few years of supplying quite as much effective competition to keep our manufactures alive as any free trader could desire.

Would Benefit Canada

Colonel Amery declared that the preference on manufactures would be of appreciable value to Canada, which is becoming a great manufacturing country. It was not a gift to any of the Dominions but embodied a principle which would be incalculably valuable in the future. He emphasised the great potential value of Preference to the Empire overseas: for instance, only seven percent of our total consumption of sugar came from the Empire, but the Overseas Empire could produce enough sugar for five United Kingdoms. The Empire produced only two percent of the tobacco it consumed: yet South Africa, Rhodesia, Nyassaland, the West Indies and, possibly, Nigeria and certainly India could produce all our requirements. That was the goal placed before growers throughout the Empire. With regard to tea, the result of the reduction of 2d. would be to lower prices to consumers and to improve the quality.

We were entering upon a new period in the history of the Empire, he said, and we would progress only if these problems were regarded from the point of view of the wider unity of the Empire.

Endorsed In Dominions

Reuter's Agency learns that there is a general feeling of satisfaction in Dominion quarters regarding the movement towards Imperial Preference.

Sir George Perley, the Canadian High Commissioner, said that the Government and people of Canada will be much pleased at Great Britain adopting the principle of Empire Preference. He expressed the opinion that it would cause increased trade between the various parts of the Empire and afford Canada an opportunity to supply goods to British markets which formerly came from enemy countries.

"It is a step towards making the Empire self-supporting," he said.

Mr. W. P. Schreiner, High Commissioner for South Africa, said that all parts of the people of South Africa would welcome this first step in the direction they had long hoped to see the Mother Country moving. It afforded an opportunity for South African wines and spirits and was likely to be productive of great mutual benefit. He hoped the step would result in strengthening the relations of the Empire.

Sir Thomas Mackenzie, High Commissioner for New Zealand, said that the step was in the direction of the aspirations of New Zealand. He hoped the new departure, which was at present a limited one, would develop. Anyhow, it would enable the British people to negotiate with other nations on a more equitable basis.

British Commission To Study Agriculture

Purpose Of Government Is To Encourage Production And Increase Wages

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, April 30.—In the House of Commons the Government has appointed a Royal Commission to inquire into the economic position of agriculture and ascertain how best to encourage agriculture and enable the payment of reasonble wages to laborers.

Cricket Today

The second cricket match of the season will be played on the Shanghai Cricket Club ground this afternoon when pick-up teams, "A" team and "B" team, will engage. The match starts at 2:30 o'clock sharp and the teams are as follows:

"A" Team—W. E. Anderson, D. Cooke, S. J. Deeks, H. Middleton, Dr. H. H. Morris, J. M. Pearson, T. O. G. Pearson, T. G. Smeaton, G. S. B. Cushnie, F. H. Pentycross, R. Grimshaw (Capt.).

"B" Team—E. G. Barnes, R. Bauld, W. N. Hansell, C. Knight, H. Langley, W. A. H. Moule, E. G. Norman, W. S. Read, N. Tweedlie, R. J. Tippin, E. G. B. Lever (Capt.).

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"I find your Castoria is very beneficial in the treatment of children's ailments."
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WM. J. MCCANN, M. D., Omaha, Neb.

"I object to what are called patent medicines, where maker alone knows what stuff is put in them, but I know the formula of your Castoria and advise its use in proper cases. I judge it to be a very useful, as well as harmless family medicine."
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Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria.

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NOTICE

Messrs. CROSSE & BLACKWELL much regret that for the first time for a hundred years war conditions prevent many of their products being shipped to China. They much appreciate the letters they are receiving, and in reply would state that it is fully recognised here that under the circumstances of life in China the absence of English delicacies and foods is a very real hardship.

Messrs. CROSSE & BLACKWELL will take care that not a day shall be lost in forwarding supplies when a return to more normal conditions permits. In the meantime they trust that those who have been accustomed to rely on their products will be good enough to accept this explanation.

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AMERICAN SCHOOL FETE IS COLORFUL AFFAIR

Large Attendance Enjoys Pleasing May Festival Held On Baptist Mission Lawn

A colorful and animated scene was that presented on the lawn of the Baptist Mission compound on North Szechuen Road yesterday afternoon when the pupils of the American School held their annual May Festival. The affair was attended by fully 400 persons, all of whom expressed hearty enjoyment of the program.

The processional started promptly at 5 o'clock, when a blare of bugles was heard in the distance. Then appeared the vanguard of the procession. Roy Squires, Henry Waters, Eugene Parker, Rodney Moffat, Alec Moffat and Alan Keys, dressed in forest green, advanced to dance before the Queen's throne, a handsome creation of roses and bamboos set before a dark green background and flanked by the colorful May poles with their red, white and blue streamers. Accompanying the foresters was Edward Everett as Court Jester and Harold Brewster as Hobby Horse. Following the dance one of the foresters blew a long blast on his bugle and Miss Louise Rowe of Nanking, chosen by the School as Queen of the May, appeared. She was appropriately dressed in white silk gown with long train and was preceded by Anna Kelhofer, Wilmot Castle, Rosa Brockman, Betty Martin, Archie Mason and Leonard Brown who carried baskets of rose petals with which they strewed the path to the throne. Little Margaret Meyers followed with the crown and Joe McCracken and Kempton Fitch attended as pages. At the foot of the throne the Queen knelt to be crowned, while a chorus sang "Crown Her Queen of May."

Then followed a "Mountains March" and an Irish dance by thirty girls dressed in white. The first and second grades then gave an interesting "Kinderpolka" and the third and fourth grades a "Klapdans" which was followed by an "Ox Dans," involving a mock fight.

Mrs. W. H. Lacy, president of the American Woman's College Club, then made a short speech, in which she cited the Club as being in the position of a "big sister" to the school, and with fitting words presented fifty standard books to the American School library. Mr. W. H. Hudson, of the school board, responded.

The presentation was followed by a "Flax Dance," a "Lassie Dance" and a "Spanish Scarf Dance," the last being especially artistic and colorful because of the many-colored scarves used by the girls and the graceful posing. The first four grades then gave a "Shoemakers' Dance" and a "Peek-a-Boo Dance" and the program closed with the May Pole Dance, for which the girls wore special costumes. Thirty girls with green pointed jackets over white dresses and wearing ivy wreaths made the final scene enchanting as they wound the red, white and blue streamers in and out round about the poles.

Great credit for the entertainment is due Miss LaMond, of the American School, who drilled the folk dancers; Miss Mabel Jennings, who drilled the Queen and her attendants and managed the program in general, and Mr. Gill, who was in charge of the decorations. Miss Gladys Ward provided the piano music throughout the program.

TRADE WITH GERMANY IS NOT DISCOURAGED

Peking Legation Says Action Is Taken To Aid Teutons In Establishing Credits

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, May 14.—Reuter's Agency is informed by the British Legation that with a view to assisting Germany to invest credits in neutral countries for the purchase of food supplies in accordance with the promise of consideration given by the Delegates at Brussels, the Supreme Economic Council has informed the German Government that no firm in any neutral country will in future incur the penalty of blacklisting on account of:

1. Having exported foodstuffs to Germany within limits approved and in accordance with the regulation of the Associated Governments.
2. Having afforded credits to Germany for the purchase of such foodstuffs.
3. Having imported goods permitted by the Associated Governments to be exported from Germany.

The German Government has also been informed that negotiations and trading with firms in neutral countries, even though on the black list, will be permitted subject to the Blockade Section of the Supreme Economic Council.

The Laura Guerite Co.

The Laura Guerite Revue Company opens its Shanghai engagement with a vaudeville bill at the Lyceum theater this evening. A "vaudeville bouquet" is the descriptive applied to the program and in it each of the members will be seen in characteristic turns which have provoked flattering press comment throughout the company's present tour. Miss Guerite will be heard in a number of late popular songs; Mr. George Ross in comedy and musical numbers; Miss Edith Hyland in songs; and Carlton Chase in still other popular ditties in light comedy vein. Hal, the jesting juggler, will be in evidence, as will also Bertie and Benson, who dance, juggle and provide other enlivening entertainment. There will be in addition chorus numbers and turns by other artists. The booking is at Moutrie's.

TSAI YUAN-PEI MISSING WHILE STUDENTS STRIKE

Chancellor Of University Has Disappeared Since He Left Peking

Where is Mr. Tsai Yuan-pei, the Chancellor of the Government University of Peking?

This is now the common question asked by students all over China.

Since the demonstration in Peking and since his struggle for the release of the students, Mr. Tsai has disappeared. Mysteriously he has disappeared. Students have scouted Peking for him. They have scouted for him in Tientsin. Now they are scouting Shanghai for him, but so far they have failed. Advertisements were inserted in the Chinese press yesterday, inquiring as to the whereabouts of Mr. Tsai.

People who know of his whereabouts or who can furnish information leading to the discovery of Mr. Tsai are requested to communicate with Mr. Fan Hao at the Chinese Y.M.C.A.

Mr. Fan and nine other students of the Government University arrived in Shanghai in search for Mr. Tsai.

Meanwhile 10,000 students in Peking are on strike so that Mr. Tsai might return to office.

FIRE DAMAGES 3 SHOPS

Three Chinese shops at the corner of North Szechuen and Tiendong Roads were damaged by fire and water in a blaze which broke out at 10:30 o'clock last night.

A previous alarm was turned in shortly before 6:30 p.m. when a tar boiler in operation in connection with construction of new buildings on Klukiang Road boiled over. There was practically no damage.

The quick checking of a blaze in an egg hong at PP-8 Tatung Road shortly after midnight of Thursday night saved threatened surrounding property, including a flour mill. The building was burning briskly when the Brigade arrived but was rapidly attacked from all sides and prevented from spreading to the corner block it threatened.

Loh Sung-hou Victim Of Thrower Of Acid

A quantity of acid was thrown about the body of Mr. Loh Sung-hou, member of the municipal council in Nantao, when he was returning home Thursday night in a ricsha near the North Gate. His face was seriously burnt and will be permanently disfigured although his general condition is not considered serious. No arrest was made.

ANTHRAX BILL IS UP IN HOUSE OF COMMONS

Measure Is Drawn To Prevent Spread Of Infection From Shipments

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, May 2.—In the House of Commons Sir Hamar Greenwood moved the second reading of the Prevention of Anthrax Bill, empowering prohibition of the importation of goods infected or likely to be infected with anthrax: compulsory disinfection of infected wool and similar goods and the establishment of State works for the disinfection of infected goods at the importer's cost.

Sir Hamar Greenwood said that, despite all precautions, the number of cases of anthrax in the wool and allied trades steadily increased. The Bill was based on the unanimous recommendations of a committee representing the trades concerned. An anthrax process for effectively eliminating the anthrax germ without affecting the material had been discovered and the cost of establishing the first disinfecting station was estimated at over £40,000. As soon as it was erected the plan was to start disinfecting East Indian goat-hair, which was one of the sources of infection.

Australia and New Zealand had already stamped out the disease and there was every reason to hope that the other Dominions would prevent the export of infected material. The matter would doubtless be referred to the International Health Department which was being esablished under the auspices of the League of Nations.

The Bill passed its second reading.

Obituary

Sir Frank Crisp

Reuter's Service

London, May 1.—The death is announced of Sir Frank Crisp, the well known city solicitor.

Engineering Society Meeting Is Postponed

The Engineering Society of China announces that circumstances have arisen which make it necessary to postpone the annual general meeting previously scheduled to take place on May 27. Notice of the date of the meeting will be given in due course.

INTERNAL DISSENTION DEVELOPS IN FUKIEN

Officials Apparently Chosen As Result Of Fighting Among Factions

(China Press Correspondence)

Hinghwa, Fukien, May 9.—The past few days there has been considerable fighting in the Counties of Sienyu and Yungchun owing to disagreements among the bandit allies of the South. The turmoil seems to be a method of electing or appointing officials. Some time ago a member of the Parliament at Canton returned to his home in Yungchun. He thought that his services for the South merited the magistracy of Yungchun. But, he found a magistrate already installed with his small garrison of troops about him and wholly disinclined to give up his office to another.

The member of Parliament had to retire but spent the time in gathering forces under local leaders. Last week these forces succeeded in capturing Yungchun City and took the magistrate and his force prisoners. They were all disarmed. But the victory was short lived. Southern forces arrived from the South and last Monday the city was retaken. Considerable looting took place during these operations.

There was also fighting in Sienyu the past week. The Southern camp there as in Yungchun has two main divisions. One faction styles themselves the Fukien Protection Guards. The other faction claims to be the genuine Southern army. Both are composed largely of professional bandits. In the fight the Fukien Protection Guards were defeated with considerable loss.

The country in those regions is subjected to acute distress. While there are two main divisions of the forces in those regions there are numerous heads in each division and constant friction between rivals so that the people are in constant terror of an outbreak. Many former bandit leaders have set themselves up as officers in the Southern army. Chiefs with one or two squads of men are called Captains and Majors. One famous leader of bandits with only a hundred or two followers is a "General." The South has been forced to recognise many of these leaders. They must have salaries befitting their ranks. The money of course is raised by levies upon the people. Every day merchants and prominent men are moving out from those regions going to the Straits Settlements or to other parts of China.

PEKING FOOD PRICES ARE TO BE REGULATED

Measures To Remedy Shortage Are Being Taken By The Authorities

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Peking, May 13.—Peking has for some months been going through a food shortage, due principally to inadequate and badly managed transportation facilities, and that portion of the population which lives from hand to mouth has been suffering great hardships from the resulting high prices of foodstuffs. The situation has now got so bad that the authorities have found it necessary to take definite measures of relief, and for the past few weeks representatives of the metropolitan police have been conducting investigations into the supplies of food on hand and the prices charged for the staple foodstuffs used by the masses of the people.

The result of this official investigation is that the police will henceforth regulate the price of rice, flour, millet meal and maize flour, the maximum charge for these commodities at the Peking shops to be 9, 7, 6 and 5 coppers per catty respectively. This is reported to be the first time in the history of Peking that an attempt has been made to regulate the cost of food.

NATIONALITY WHAT?

(French Wireless To Reuter)

Paris, May 15.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza).—The Admiralissimo (?) arrived at Lille yesterday. He was received by the General Commanding the 1st Army Corps and M. Naudeau, the Prefect of the Nord Department.

The admiral announced that the American sailors were coming shortly to the north to proceed with the erection of the barracks handed over by America to France.

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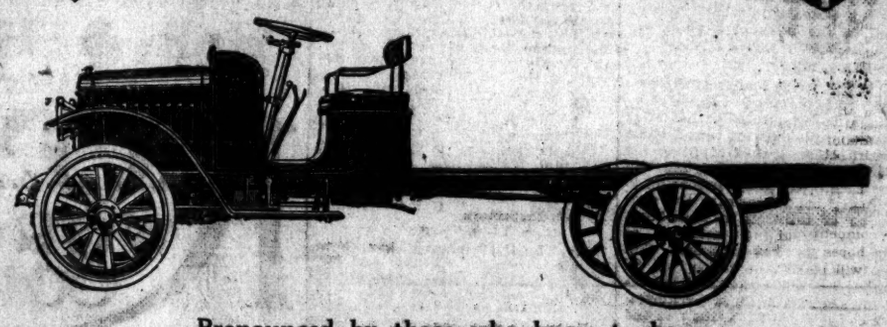

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Ladies Prize Shoot

Entries for the Ladies Prize competition of the Shanghai Rifle Association closed on Thursday. One hundred and eighty-four ladies have entered which is the record entry for this competition. The following are the results:—

LADIES	COMPETITORS
Mrs. Ackerman	Y. Hori
Miss M. Aldridge	W. H. Leslie
Miss M. Andersen	W. E. Sauer
Mrs. E. Aquino	F.J.W. Melville
Mrs. G. F. Ashley	E. Fasting
Mrs. G. F. Ashley	W. J. Terrill
Mrs. Awono, N.	A. Q. Adamson
Mrs. Ashton, L.	J. Macbeth
Miss Ayako	A. C. Godby
Mrs. J. Bartolini	W.J.E. Foryth
Miss I. Bartolini	C. L. Boynton
Miss Beck, C. A.	E. W. Godfrey
Mrs. Botelho, J. H.	R.D. Stafford
Mrs. Bleuler, C.	P. E. Hodges
Mrs. Bleuler, C.	H. F. Cranfield
Mrs. Bleuler, C.	S. Okada
Mrs. Bleuler, C.	H. Bone
Mrs. Bleuler, C.	A. L. Mottu
Mrs. Bleuler, C.	E. M. Reid
Mrs. Bleuler, C.	H. F. Bradley
Mrs. Bleuler, C.	R. Sasada
Mrs. Bleuler, C.	C. E. Larsen
Mrs. Bleuler, C.	K. D. Chen
Mrs. Bone C.	S. H. Peek
Mrs. Bone C.	A. F. Gomes
Mrs. Britton, T. C.	J. M. Diniz
Mrs. Chow, T. T.	A. S. Goldsmith
Mrs. Cameron, J. E.	W.G.C. Clifford
Mrs. Collaco, A. M.	H. S. Benner
Miss Collaco, Hilda	G. V. Jensen
Miss Collaco, Bertha	A. M. Collaco
Miss Collaco, Maria	G. F. Forshaw
Miss Collaco, Margarita	T. C. Britton
Miss Cola, Rona	G. H. Willder
Mrs. Cola, R. G. H.	G. A. Fitch
Mrs. Chang Chee-ong	F. J. Hinton
Mrs. Chen, K. D.	E. K. Howe
Mrs. Ching Tige	S. Stevenson
Mrs. Clifford, C. W.	P. G. Tate
Mrs. Costa, Marie	T. Nagaike
Mrs. Cogan, E.	L. Canda
Miss Dahl	K. Nomura
Miss Dahl	T. Spring
Mrs. Dewing, C. D.	Y. Tamura
Mrs. Etterley, W. H.	H. Lane
Mrs. Evans, J.	F. Bonichi
Mrs. Evans, J.	Z. Fukuchi
Mrs. Evans, J.	C. P. Grant
Mrs. Fernandes, H.	P. D. Sullivan
Mrs. Fong, Y. S.	H. Priestley
Mrs. Fong, Y. S.	F. W. Snape
Mrs. Forsyth, W. J.	J. Bartolini
Mrs. Forsyth, W. J.	J. Johansson
Mrs. Forshaw, G.	T. Watanabe
Miss Forshaw, M.	A. P. Diniz
Miss Fujii	C. H. Ryde
Mrs. Grant, C. P.	C. W. Marshall
Mrs. Godby, A. C.	W. G. Smith
Miss Godby, M.	A. Dahl
Miss Gable, L.	J. Pereira
Miss Gutierrez, A.	C. Matsuno
Mrs. Gidley, S.	Y. S. Fong
Mrs. Gray, W.	K. Tsunoda
Mrs. Harvey, W. H.	D. Kajiwara
Mrs. Harvey, W. H.	G. F. Ashley
Mrs. Hyndman, P.	H. Kodaira
Miss Hyndman, W.	F. Gutierrez
Mrs. Howe, A. M.	R. G. H. Cole
Mrs. Howe, L. E.	W. O. Lancaster
Miss Hiraoka, Y.	M. Iijima
Miss Hiraoka, K.	C. Matthews
Mrs. Hiraoka, N.	William Hu
Mrs. Hinton, F. J.	D. McAllister
Mrs. Hodges, F. E.	R. Ito
Miss Hoogman, J.	H. Noisshiki
Mrs. Y. Hori	R. K. Hykes
Mrs. Ito, R. L.	E. Heen
Miss Ito	T. W. Mitchell
Miss Ireland, M.	C. E. Kline
Miss Iijima, T.	H. W. Lambert
Mrs. Iijima, N.	J. Evans
Mrs. Itoh, U.	C.E.M. Thomson
Mrs. Johansson, J.	O. L. Ilbert
Miss Johansson, J.	H. Tobias
Mrs. Jones, M. V.	S. A. Ransom
Mrs. Jones, M.V.	H. F. Barnes
Mrs. Kawaraami	W. J. Monk
Mrs. Kodaira, H.	B. Dawson
Miss Kodaira, [illegible]	R. F. Wilner
Miss Kodaira, M.	M. F. Kay
Mrs. Kew, F. E.	C. Reeves
Mrs. Kew, F. E.	F. T. Smith

LADIES	COMPETITORS
Mrs. Kew, F. E.	E. J. Muller
Mrs. Kew, F. E.	N. Thomson
Mrs. Kew, F. E.	H. F. Munns
Miss Kukuchi, S.	G. H. A. Snow
Mrs. Landers, H. F.	W. T. Rose
Mrs. Lambert, H. W.	P. Markham
Mrs. Leslie, W. H.	T. Ohshima
Mrs. Lancaster, K.	E. A. Prince
Mrs. Lancaster, K.	H. C. Patrick
Mrs. Marshgreen	E. A. G. May
Mrs. Mottu, A. L.	K. McKelvie
Miss Mottu, C.	J. J. Simon
Mrs. Marshall, C. W.	J. J. Simon
Miss Marshall, D.	A. M. Collaco
Miss Marshall, E.	W.J.E. Forsyth
Miss Monk, D. C.	G. V. Jensen
Miss Monk, J.	Z. Fukuchi
Mrs. Monk, W. J.	F.J.W. Melville
Mrs. Mimai, K.	S. A. Ransom
Miss Mimai, S.	E. Fasting
Mrs. McAllister, D.	C.E.M. Thomson
Mrs. Mathews, C.	R. K. Hykes
Mrs. Matthews, C.	C. Matthews
Mrs. Macbeth, J.	C. E. Larsen
Mrs. Melville, F.	H. F. Cranfield
Miss Mino, E.	J. M. Diniz
Miss Matsuda, S.	P. D. Sullivan
Miss Morimoto K.	N. Thomson
Mrs. Noisshiki,	H. F. Barnes
Mrs. Ohshima, T.	A. Q. Adamson
Mrs. Okada, S.	A. Dahl
Miss Oliveira, M.	D. McAllister
Mrs. Parkins, W. R.	K. Nomura
Mrs. Parkins, W. R.	L. Canda
Mrs. Parkins, W. R.	J. Macbeth
Mrs. Patrick, H. C.	Y. S. Fong
Miss Patrick, B.	Y. Tomura
Miss Prince, H.	P. Markham
Miss Prince, V.	H. F. Munns
Mrs. Prince, E. A.	E. M. Reid
Mrs. Pereira, J.E.M.	C. P. Grant
Mrs. Priestley, H.	W. J. Monk
Mrs. Ransom, S. A.	H. Noisshiki
Mrs. Rasmussen, B.	H. C. Patrick
Mrs. Ramsay, W. G.	T. C. Britton
Mrs. Ramsay, W. G.	T. Watanabe
Miss Ramsay, R.	F. T. Smith
Miss Ramsay, R.	M. Iijima
Mrs. Reeves, C.	C. McBain
Mrs. Robertson, W.B.	H. Tobias
Miss Remedios, D.	C. W. Marshall
Miss Remedios, M.	O. L. Ilbert
Mrs. Ryde, C. H.	E. K. Howe
Mrs. Ryde, C. H.	William Hu
Mrs. Ryde, C. H.	F. E. Hodges
Mrs. Ryde, C. H.	W. J. Terrill
Mrs. Ryde, C. H.	T. Onshima
Mrs. Sha Le-ching	F. Bonichi
Mrs. Saita.	S. H. Peek
Mrs. Stevenson, S.	W. C. C. Clifford
Mrs. Stellinwerff,	E. W. Godfrey
Mrs. Sullivan, H.	Y. Hori
Mrs. Snape, F. W.	T. Spring
Mrs. Souza, E. M.	H. S. Benner
Miss Souza, Lidia	W. T. Rose
Mrs. Sasada, R.	E. Heen
Mrs. Thomson, J.C.	W. G. Smith
Miss Thompson, A.P.	H. Bone
Mrs. Turnbull, G. J.	S. Stevenson
Mrs. Tachikawa,	B. Dawson
Miss Tachikawa,	C. E. Kline
Mrs. Tobias, H.	A. L. Mottu
Mrs. Tobias, H.	G. H. Willder
Mrs. Terrill, W. J.	C. Matsuno
Miss Terrill, N.	H. F. Kay
Mrs. Taylor, J.	A. F. Gomes
Mrs. Thurheer, H.	R. D. Stafford
Mrs. Tsukamoto,	P. D. Tate
Miss Tuttelman.	C. Reeves
Mrs. Tomono, K.	H. Lane
Miss Teruko.	H. Kodaira
Mrs. Tate, G.	T. W. Mitchell
Mrs. Wilner, R. F.	D. Kajiwara
Mrs. Widder, G.H.	E. A. G. May
Miss Willder, K.	G. H. A. Snow
Mrs. Watanabe,	E. J. Muller
Mrs. Yamauchi,	J. Evans
Mrs. Yadohisa, H.	J. Pereira
Mrs. Vinogradova, L.	G. A. Fitch
Mrs. Viloudaki, N.	R. T. Ito
Mrs. Xavier, G. A.	H. F. Bradley

The competition will begin on Sunday, 18th inst. at 1.30 p.m. sharp. The Committe hopes that all the competitors will shoot for this important event. There will be Fifteen prizes.

Race Meeting Today

The Shanghai Race Club will hold its fourth extra meeting today when a "braw" card of ten races will be run off. The first saddling bell will ring promptly at 2:30 p.m.

Following is the list of races:

1.—The Ayr Stakes, three-quarters of a mile.
2.—The Lanark Selling Race, nine furlongs.
3.—The Edinburgh Handicap, one mile and a half.
4.—The Dundee Plate, half-mile.
5.—The Eglinton Handicap, nine furlongs.
6.—The Glasgow Cup, one mile.
7.—The Stirling Selling Race, five furlongs.
8.—The Dumfries Stakes, one mile.
9.—The Perth Cup, seven furlongs.
10.—The Inverness Plate, one mile and a quarter.

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Empress of Japan	27 June
Empress of Russia	12 July
Monteagle	25 July
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PREFERENCE ENDORSED IN BRITISH DOMINIONS

Proposal Subject Of Lengthy Debate When Budget Is Introduced

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, May 1.—The Times comments on the introduction of Imperial Preference which marks an epoch in British Budgets.

"We hope it will be generally accepted on its merits and without undue association with larger controversies," the paper says.

Is a Beginning

In the House of Commons today, during the debate on the Budget, Sir Donald Maclean, the leader of the Non-Coalition Liberals, declared that the proposal for Imperial Preference was the start of a great system of tariff reform which must include food taxes.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer, interrupting, said it was no part of the Government's proposal to impose new duties on food.

Sir Donald Maclean declared that the preferential duty on tea would irritate China and possibly affect our trade relations and exports. The Dominions had little to do with export manufactures and he and his supporters would fight the proposal, which would smash free trade.

Support Not Lacking

Colonel L. C. Amery, Under-Secretary for the Colonies, said that a policy of Imperial Preference had been advocated by all the Imperial Conferences, more than one Royal Commission and all the Dominion Governments. We might hope as a result of this small measure to get an increase, not necessarily of protection in the United Kingdom, but of Inter-Imperial free trade between the Dominions and the Mother Country and between one Dominion and another. Surely that was a worthy object.

Colonel Amery added that there was a very strong body of free traders in Canada who wanted free trade in certain categories and in other categories wanted a 50 percent preference within the Empire. He expressed the opinion that if this policy had been carried out in 1903 we should not have had the very heavy food prices during the war. The world had moved in the last sixteen years, he said. Canada was becoming a great industrial and manufacturing country and she would be capable, under substantal preference, in the next few years of supplying quite as much effective competition to keep our manufactures alive as any free trader could desire.

Would Benefit Canada

Colonel Amery declared that the preference on manufactures would be of appreciable value to Canada, which is becoming a great manufacturing country. It was not a gift to any of the Dominions but embodied a principle which would be incalculably valuable in the future. He emphasised the great potential value of Preference to the Empire overseas; for instance, only seven percent of our total consumption of sugar came from the Empire, but the Overseas Empire could produce enough sugar for five United Kingdoms. The Empire produced only two percent of the tobacco it consumed: yet South Africa, Rhodesia, Nyassaland, the West Indies and, possibly, Nigeria and certainly India could produce all our requirements. That was the goal placed before growers throughout the Empire. With regard to tea, the result of the reduction of 2d. would be to lower prices to consumers and to improve the quality.

We were entering upon a new period in the history of the Empire, he said, and we would progress only if these problems were regarded from the point of view of the wider unity of the Empire.

Endorsed In Dominions

Reuter's Agency learns that there is a general feeling of satisfaction in Dominion quarters regarding the movement towards Imperial Preference.

Sir George Perley, the Canadian High Commissioner, said that the Government and people of Canada will be much pleased at Great Britain adopting the principle of Empire Preference. He expressed the opinion that it would cause increased trade between the various parts of the Empire and afford Canada an opportunity to supply goods to British markets which formerly came from enemy countries.

"It is a step towards making the Empire self-supporting," he said.

Mr. W. P. Schreiner, High Commissioner for South Africa, said that all parts of the people of South Africa would welcome this first step in the direction they had long hoped to see the Mother Country moving. It afforded an opportunity for South African wines and spirits and was likely to be productive of great mutual benefit. He hoped the step would result in strengthening the relations of the Empire.

Sir Thomas Mackenzie, High Commissioner for New Zealand, said that the step was in the direction of the aspirations of New Zealand. He hoped the new departure, which was at present a limited one, would develop. Anyhow, it would enable the British people to negotiate with other nations on a more equitable basis.

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British Commission To Study Agriculture

Purpose Of Government Is To Encourage Production And Increase Wages

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, April 30.—In the House of Commons the Government has appointed a Royal Commission to inquire into the economic position of agriculture and ascertain how best to encourage agriculture and enable the payment of reasonble wages to laborers.

Cricket Today

The second cricket match of the season will be played on the Shanghai Cricket Club ground this afternoon when pick-up teams, "A" team and "B" team, will engage. The match starts at 2:30 o'clock sharp and the teams are as follows:

"A" Team—W E. Anderson, D. Cooke, S. J. Deeks, H. Middleton, Dr. H. H. Morris, J. M. Pearson, T. O. G. Pearson, T. G. Smeaton, G. S. B. Cushnie, F. H. Pentycross, R. Grimshaw (Capt.).

"B" Team—E. G. Barnes, R. Bauld, W. N. Hansell, C. Knight, H. Langley, W. A. H. Moule, E. G. Norman, W. S. Read, N. Tweedlie, R. J. Tippin, E. G. B. Lever (Capt.).

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Messrs. CROSSE & BLACKWELL much regret that for the first time for a hundred years war conditions prevent many of their products being shipped to China. They much appreciate the letters they are receiving, and in reply would state that it is fully recognised here that under the circumstances of life in China the absence of English delicacies and foods is a very real hardship.

Messrs. CROSSE & BLACKWELL will take care that not a day shall be lost in forwarding supplies when a return to more normal conditions permits. In the meantime they trust that those who have been accustomed to rely on their products will be good enough to accept this explanation.

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	Yokohama	

Shanghai Branch 18 The Bund.

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought, Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

A. I. D. STEWART.
Manager.

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE

Capital ..... Frs. 40,000,000.00
Reserve ..... Frs. 50,000,000.00

Succursales et Agences:

Bankok	Hanoi	Saigon
Battambang	Hongkong	Shanghai
Canton	Mongtze	Singapore
Djibouti	Noumea	Tientsin
Dondichery	Peking	Tourane
Haiphong	Papoete	
Hankoou	Pnom-Penh	

Bankers:
In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et commercial; Societe Generalle.
In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN.
Manager.

The Exchange Bank of China

SHANGHAI BRANCH
41 Kiangse Road.

Telephone C. 1941.
Telegraphic Address "Knabex."

Capital .....Yen 10,000,000

Head Office ..... Peking.
Registered in the Ministry of Finance.

General Banking Business of Every Description transacted.

Foreign and Domestic Exchange Business a specialty. We issue Demand Drafts, T/T, Letters of Credit, Buying and Selling Specie, etc., etc.

Foreign and Domestic Commercial Papers and Bills discounted.

Loans and Advances made on approved Securities.

Interest allowed on current accounts and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

Foreign Agencies at Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Nagasaki, Moji, Singapore, Bombay, London, New York.

Domestic Agencies at Tientsin, Hankow, Kiukiang, Tsingtao, Dairen, Changchun, Mukden, Foochow, Amoy, Swatow, Hongkong, Canton.

P. C. KONG,
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital $15,000,000

Reserve Funds:—
Sterling £1,500,000 @ 2/- $15,000,000
Silver 21,000,000
$36,000,000

Reserve liability of Proprietors $15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG

Court of Directors:
J. A. Plummer Esq., Chairman.
E. V. D. Parr Esq., Deputy Chairman.
A. H. Compton Esq.
Hon. Mr. S. H. Dodwell.
G. T. M. Edkins Esq.
C. S. Gubbay Esq.
Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak.
Hon. Mr. D. Landale.
W. L. Pattenden Esq.

Chief Manager.
Hongkong—N. J. STABB.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy	Ipoh	Penang
Bangkok	Johore	Rangoon
Batavia	Kobe	Saigon
Bombay	Kuala-Lumpur	S. Francisco
Calcutta	London	Shanghai
Canton	Lyons	Singapore
Colombo	Malacca	Sourabaya
Foochow	Manila	Tientsin
Hankow	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Harbin	New York	Vladivostock
Iloilo	Peking	Yokohama

London Bankers:
London County Westminister and Parr's Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN,
Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid)	55,000,000
Reserve Fund	26,950,000
	Kug. Tls.
Capital Contributed by the Chinese Government ..	8,500,000
Reserve Fund	1,750,000

Head office: PETROGRAD.
Paris office: 9 Rue Boudreau.
London office: 64 Old Broad Street, E.C. 2.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Paris: Soiete Generale pour favoriser le Development de Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Lyons: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Development du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
Milan: Credito Italiano.

FAR EASTERN BRANCHES:

Bombay	Harbin	Nicolayewsk
Chanchun	Hankow	O/Amur
(Kwan-chendze)	Harbin	Peking
Chefoo	Hongkong	Shanghai
Dairen	Manchouli	Tientsin
(Dalny)	Newchwang	Vladivostock
		Yokohama

85 Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia.

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, and Roubles. Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

Safe Deposit Boxes.

L. JEZLERSKI,
G. CARRERE.
Managers for Asia.

The National Commercial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1907.

Paid-Up Capital $1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund 301,347.41

Head Office: Shanghai
Peking and Kiangse Roads.

Tels: Managers' Office: Central 2650
General Office: Central 2613 & 2614

Branches:
Hangchow, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Mukden and Harbin.

FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS
London, New York, San Francisco, Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe and Osaka.

Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Gold Dollars, Sterling and Y according to arrangement.

Interest allowed on Deposits at Call both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Domestic and Foreign Drafts purchased and sold.

Credit grant on approved securities.

Savings Accounts—4% per annum.

Every description of banking business transacted.

Modern Safe Deposit Boxes For Rent.

SHEN CHU HSU, Manager.
SHU CHIN MIH, Sub-Manager.
C. C. YANG, Sub-Manager.

The Bank of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital .. $60,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital $12,279,800.00
Reserve Fund $1,298,552.60
Special Reserve Fund $1,898,935.68

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.

Branches and Agencies:

Peking	Taiyuan	Shanghai
Tientsin	Kaifong	Hankow
Changchun	Wuhu	Ichang
Antung	Anking	Changsha
Dalny	Hangchow	Nanchang
Moukden	Ningpo	Kiukiang
Newchwang	Nanking	Foochow
Harbin	Chinkiang	Amoy
Kirin	Hsuchow	Canton
Tainan	Soochow	Hongkong
Chefoo	Wusieh	Swatow
Tsingtau	Yangchow	Chungking

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
3 HANKOW ROAD.

Loans granted on approved Securities. Local Bills discounted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels or Dollars according to arrangement.

SUNG HAN-CHANG,
Manager.

Shanghai, 15th February, 1919.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:
12 The Bund, and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI

Subscribed Capital Sh. Tls. 5,000,000
Paid-Up Capital Sh. Tls. 2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:

For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4 % per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum
On deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. G. MARSHALL,
Chief Manager.

中 國 通 商 銀 行
Chung Foo Union Bank

(Established in 1917.)
Statutes approved by the Government in 1916.
Head Offices: Tientsin

Subscribed Capital $2,000,000
Paid-Up Capital $1,020,000

Managing Director:
SUN TAO SAN.
Deputy Managing Director:
NIEH CHI-WEI.

Branches and Agencies in Domestic Cities:

Tientsin	Chinkiang
Shanghai	Soochow
Peking	Wusieh
Hankow	Hangchow
Nanking	Ningpo
Yangchow	Shaohsing
Hsuchow	Canton
Pengpu	Hongkong
Changchun	Changteh
Antung	Chengchow
Kiukiang	

Tsinkiangpu

Agencies and Correspondents in foreign countries:
London: International Banking Corporation.
New York: International Banking Corporation.
San Francisco: International Banking Corporation.
Boston: American Express Company.
Tokio: Bank of Chosen.
Kobe: Bank of Chosen.
Osaka: Bank of Chosen.
Yokohama: Bank of Taiwan.
And also other principal cities in foreign countries.

SHANGHAI BRANCH,
8.441 Ningpo Road.
Tel. Central 1929 Managers' Office.
Tel. Central 2618 General Office.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. R. SUN, Manager.
W. D. ZAH, Sub-Manager.

International Banking Corporation

Head Office:
National City Bank Building
55 Wall Street, New York.

Capital and Surplus ...U.S. $6,500,000
Undivided Profits .U.S. $2,563,000.00

H. T. S. Green,
President & General Manager.
London Office:
36 Bishopsgate, E. C.
San Francisco Office:
232 Montgomery Street.

Far Eastern Branches
China: Shanghai, Peking Tientsin, Hankow, Hongkong, Canton.
Japan: Yokohama, Kobe.
Philippines: Manila, Cebu.
India: Bombay, Calcutta.
Straits Settlements: Singapore.
Dutch East Indies: Batavia, Soerabaya.

West Indian and Central American Branches:
Republic of Panama: Panama, Colon
Republic of Colombia: Medellin.
Dominican Republic: Santo Domingo, San Pedro de Macoris.
Santiago, Puerto Plata.

In addition to our own Branches, by reason of our close affiliation with *The National City Bank of New York* we are able to offer the facilities of its branches at Bahai, Buenos Aires, Caracas, Genoa, Havana, Montevideo, Moscow, Petrograd, Rio, de Janeiro, San Juan, P. R., Santiago de Cuba, Santos, Sao Paulo Valparaiso, Vladivostock.

Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers bought and sold. Current accounts opened and Fixed Deposits taken on rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.

H. C. GULLAND, Manager.
1a, Kiukiang Road.

THE BANK OF CANTON, LIMITED.

Incorporated 1912.

Capital (fully paid) H.$2,000,000.00
Reserve Fund ..... H.$ 400,000.00
Investment reserve fund ..... H.$ 40,000.00

Head Office
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong.

Shanghai Office
No. 2 Ningpo Road

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES

Canton	Bangkok	San Francisco
Batavia	Bombay	Colombo
New York	Manila	Samarang
London	Singapore	Calcutta
Honolulu	Rangoon	Yokohama
Sourabaya	Canada, etc.	

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. C. WONG,
Act. Manager.

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorised by Presidental Mandates of April 7th, 1914, and October 31st, 1915.

Capital: Kuping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING
Over 60 Branches and Agencies at principal cities and commercial centers in China.
Agencies abroad: Singapore, Hongkong, Tokyo (Japan).

SHANGHAI BRANCH
25 Szechuen Road.

Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts; Credit granted to approved securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

H. TAO, Manager,
Y. M. CHIEN, Sub-Manager.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1880.)

Head Office: YOKOHAMA JAPAN.

Capital Subscribed .. Yen 48,000,000
Capital Paid-up .... Yen 42,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 25,000,000

London Bankers:
The London County and Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
The London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies

Batavia	Los Angeles	Seattle
Bombay	London	Shanghai
Buenos Ayres	Lyons	Shimonoseki
Calcutta	Manila	Singapore
Changchun	Mukden	Sourabaya
Dalny	Nagasaki	Sydney
Hankow	Newchwang	Tientsin
Harbin	New York	Tokio
Hongkong	Osaka	Tsinanfu
Honolulu	Peking	Tsingtau
Kaiyuen	Rangoon	Valdivostock
Kobe	S. Francisco	

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars, according to arrangement.

Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa, China and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital ..... Francs 45,000,000
one-third of the Capital, i. e., Frs. 15,000,000, subscribed by
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC
Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1913.

President, Andre Berthellot.
General Manager, A. J. Pernotte.

HEAD OFFICE
74, RUE ST. LAZARE, PARIS.
Branches in Peking, Tientsin, Shanghai, Hongkong, Saigon, Haiphong and Yunanfou

BANKERS:
In France: Societe Generalle pour Favoriser le Development du Commerce & de l'Industrie en France.
In London: London County and Westminster and Parr's Bank Ltd.
London City & Midland Bank Ltd.
In New-York: Redmond & Co.
In Italy: Banca Commerciale Italiana
Credito Italiano

Taels, Dollars, Gold Accounts
Interest allowed on Current Accounts in Gold or Local Currency and fixed deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Savings accounts in Gold and Local Currency.

G. LION, Manager.

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Subscribed Capital £1,500,000
Paid up Capital 750,000
Reserve Fund 700,000

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Gracechurch Street, LONDON, E. C.

London Bankers:
London Joint City and Midland Bank, Ltd.

Branches & Agencies.

Bombay	Howrah	Madras
Calcutta	Handy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Port Louis
Delhi	Kota Bahru	(Mauritius)
Galle	(Kelantan)	Rangoon
Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
	Singapore	

Shanghai Branch.

EVERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 2 % per annum and on Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

C. T. BEATH Manager.
26 The Bund.

The Shanghai Commercial and Savings Bank, Ltd.

9, NINGPO ROAD

Capital (Paid-up)..... $600,000.00
Reserve Fund ..... $ 15,000.00
Deposits (Dec., 1918).. $3,400,000.00

Accounts carried in dollars, taels or foreign currencies.

Banking by Mail.

Credit granted on approved securities.

Drafts, both domestic and foreign, purchased or sold.

Exchange of dollars, taels and foreign currencies.

Pocket Savings Bank for saving small coins.

SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES for rent.

K. P. CHEN,
General Manager.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique
Societe Anonyme
Paid-Up Capital .. Frs. 30,000,000

Head Office: BRUSSELS.
London office: 2 Bishopsgate.
Branches at Peking, Tientsin, Alexandria, Cairo (Egypt), and Rotterdam.

President:
JEAN JADOT
Gouvernor Societe Gen rale de Belgique.

Bankers:
London: Martin's Bank, Ltd.
Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.
Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.
Paris: Banque de l'Union Parisienne Societe Anonyme.
Lyons and Marseilles: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris.
New York: National City Bank of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts Taels and fixed deposits according to arrangements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

M. DEMETS,
Manager for China.

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY.)

Established 1824.

Paid-up-Capital— ---
Guilders 70,000,000 (about £5,833,333)
Rserve Fund—
Guilders 12,760,286 (about £1,063,357)
Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.

Branches:

Bandjermasin	Medan	Singapore
Bandoeng	Padang	Soerabaya
Cheribon	Palembang	Soerakarta
Djember	Pekalongan	Tebing-Tinggi
Djokjakarta	Penang	Tegal
Hongkong	Pontianak	Telok-Betoe
Kota-Radja	Rangoon	Tjilatjap
Langsa	Semarang	Weltevreden
Makassar		

London Bankers:
National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transacts banking business of every description.

SHANGHAI INTEREST ALLOWED on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG,

ASIA BANKING CORPORATION

An American Bank

Head Office—New York City
Head Office for Far East—Shanghai

OTHER BRANCH OFFICES
Peking-Tientsin-Hankow

The Asia Banking Corporation offers an American Banking Service and respectfully solicits your patronage. It is organised especially for the purpose of fostering and developing trade between the Orient and the United States. The entire service, information and TIME of our bank, its staff and correspondents are at the disposal of our clients and their friends.

Interest allowed on current, fixed and saving accounts carried in Taels, Mexican Dollars, U.S. Gold, Sterling and Francs.

Foreign or local drafts purchased at best rates, or entered for collection.

Imports and exports financed.

Commercial credits established.

Drafts sold on, and telegraphic payments effected in, any part of the World.

Siccawei Weather Report

Friday, May 16, 1919.

WEATHER	4 A.M.	9 A.M.
Bar. at 23° F. inches .	29.92	29.91
Variation for 24 hrs. .	-0.03	-0.03
Variation for 12 hrs. .	-0.04	-0.08
Wind—Direction	SE	SE
Wind—Miles per hour	9.9	21.1
Temperature (Fahr.) .	53°5	66°9
Humidity	92	37
Nebulosity (0-10)	1	1
Rainfall, inches	—	—

15.—Fine weather with Northerly breezes on our coasts. The barometers have moderately risen in Eastern China; they are rather low on the South China sea and on the Pacific.

16.—The barometers have fallen in our regions and the breezes backed to the SE. The weather however is still very fine.

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, May 16, 1919.
Money And Bullion

Sovereigns: buying rate
@ 5/2½ = Tls. 3.84
@ exch. 74.3 = Mex. $5.16
Gold Dollars: Bank buying rate
@ 122½ = Tls. 81.63
@ 74.3 = Mex. $109.86
Mex. Dollars Market Rate 74.0875
S'hai Gold Bars: 978 touch Tls.
Copper Cash ..... per tael 1820
Native Interest: ..... Tls. .07

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver ..... 54d.
Bank Rate of Discount 6%
Ex., Paris on London ..... Fr. 29
Ex., N. Y. on London T.T. G.$4.68½

Exchange Closing Quotations

London ..... T.T. 5/2½
London ..... Demand 5/2⅝
India ..... T.T. 311½
Paris ..... T.T. 747
Paris ..... Demand 750
New York ..... T.T. 122
New York ..... Demand 122½
Hongkong ..... T.T. 67⅞
Japan ..... T.T 42
Batavia ..... T.T. 300
Singapore ..... T.T. 45½

Banks Buying Rates

London ..... Demand 5/3½
London ..... 4 m/s. Cdts. 5/4½
London ..... 4 m/s. Docy. 5/4⅝
London ..... 6 m/s. Cdts. 5/5
London ..... 6 m/s. Docy. 5/5½
Paris ..... Nom. 4 m/s. 780
New York ..... o/d. Docy. 123½
New York .. 4 m/s. Docy. 128½

Roubles Exchange
Today's Bank Buying Rate For Roubles

Roubles 3,600 ..... = Tls. 100
Roubles 100 ..... = Mex. $3.75

Customs House Exchange Rates For May

Hk. Tls.	3.50	@ 5/0½		£1
,,	1	@ 703	Francs	7.83
,,	0.77	@ 116½	Gold	$1
,,	1	@ 43⅞	Yen	2.54
,,	1	@ 15	Rupees	4.19
,,	1	@ 1.50	Mex.	$1.50
,,	1	@ —	Roubles	—

Shanghai Produce & Stock Exchange
Transactions

Shanghai, May 16, 1919.
BUSINESS DONE
Japan Government Bonds 5%
Tls. 38.00 May
Tls. 37.50 July
Shanghai P. and S. Exchange:
Tls. 19.00 May
Tls. 19.30 June
Tls. 19.50 July
Local Yarn:
Water Moon 16's: Tls. 153.20 June
Tls. 151.50 July
Water Moon 20's Tls. 169.00 June

Stock Exchange
Transactions

Shanghai, May 16, 1919.
TODAY'S QUOTATIONS
Official
Hongkong and Shanghai Banks $625.00
New Engineering Tls. 28.50 June
Kungyik Cotton Tls. 33.00
Yangtszepoo Cotton: Tls. 10.80
Tls. 10.90 June
S.M.C. 6% Debs. 1910 @ Tls. 86.00
S.M.C. 6% Debs. 1916 @ Tls. 82.50
Anglo-Javas Tls. 7.50
Unofficial
Kungyik Cotton: Tls. 34.50
Tls. 33.00
Yangtszepoo Cotton (Ord.)
Tls. 10.70 June
Ewo Cotton (Ord. 25 Shares)
Tls. 230.00
Telephones Tls. 80.00
Shanghai Docks Tls. 127.00
Trams "B" Tls. 79.00

Sharebrokers' Association
Transactions

Shanghai, May 16, 1919.
BUSINESS DONE
Official
Tebongs Tls. 14.00 cash

Resources: Pesos 248,000,000

Philippine National Bank

No. 1 The Bund, Shanghai

Telephone: Central 2741

Head Office: MANILA

BRANCHES:
37 Broadway, New York, and throughout the Philippines.

Correspondents at principal cities in the Orient, United States and Europe.

CHECKING AND SAVING ACCOUNTS: FIXED DEPOSIT
Exchange Bought and Sold
Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit
Travellers' Checks

Business and Official Notices

(Second Section)

THE CHINA PRESS

大陸報

Classified Advertisements

All Advertisements must be Prepaid

Replies must be called for

2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

SHANGHAI, SATURDAY, MAY 17, 1919

Announcement to Silk Dealers

We beg to bring to the notice of silk dealers that our factory established at Shaoshing since 1896, and trading under the well-known chop "Two Gods," is now compelled to stop working owing to the extensive improvements and repairs which we are making to the building and machinery of the failature. We will inform our customers as soon as we are able to recommence working, and to offer our best quality of silk.

LUI YEN CHAR,
Manager of the "Two Gods"
Filature, Shaoshing, China.
23603

LOST

Two interest passbooks, issued by the Commercial Bank of China; one No. 35818 to 35827 inclusive, for Taels 500, ten shares, in the name of Siao Kia Kee (蕭嘉記), and the other Nos. 39873 to 39876 inclusive, for Taels 200, four shares, in the name of Siao Kia Hop Firm (蕭佳合號).

The public are hereby warned against negotiating the same, as they have been declared null and void at the aforesaid Bank, and the case has been laid before the Mixed Court.

Advertisements are also appearing in the Shun Pao and Sin Wan Pao.

SIAO KIA KEE & SIAO KIA HOP
(蕭嘉記與蕭佳合同號白)
Shanghai, May 17, 1919.
23609

THE QUEST SOCIETY

will meet this coming Monday, the 19th inst., to hear and discuss addresses by CAPTAIN R. SYNNERBERG and Mr. A. J. HUGHES on the subject of:—

"BOLSHEVISM."

Visitors are invited

Time:—5.30 p.m. Place:—The CARLTON CAFE
23607

NOTICE

Mr. Dudley Warner is not connected with our firm and we are not responsible for any debts contracted by him.

FEARON, DANIEL & CO., INC.

Prof. J. K. Seto
Turkish Bath and Massage Establishment
25 N. Szechuen Road, Shanghai.
Tel. North 2768

POLISH FETE

In aid of Destitute Poles
Under the Patronage of the Allied Consuls
Cercle Sportif Francais
May 23rd, 9.30 p.m.
23596

Dr. James Yuking's
Office for Venereal Diseases
is now removed to
73 NANKING ROAD.
Hours: 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. daily and by appointment.
Special consideration to men in uniform.

ST. JOHN'S UNIVERSITY
SHANGHAI

The Entrance Examinations of the Pennsylvania Medical School, the School of Arts, School of Science, and Middle School will be held from Wednesday, June 11th to Saturday, June 14th. For further information apply to the Registrar.
23552

The International Recreation Club.

KIANGWAN RACE

23rd MEETING
24th May, 1919.
(SATURDAY)
1st Saddling Bell at 1.30 p.m. Sharp.

ENTRIES.—Close on Monday 19th May, 1919, at 7 p.m. at the Club House, 126 Bubbling Well Road.

ENTRY FORMS. — May be obtained upon application to the undersigned.

By Order,
Y. S. DAY,
Secretary.
23585

Dr. med. F. T. Kiang.
Physician and Surgeon
(Formerly Assistant at the Surgical University Clinic of Berlin)
Specialist in veneral diseases.
Office: 85 Szechuen Road.
Consultation Hours: 2-4 p.m.
Telephone: No. C. 3844.

NOTICE

The power of attorney heretofore granted by the KLAUBER TRADING CORPORATION to B. F. Brown has this day been cancelled.

Klauber Trading Corporation.
HENRY REBHAN,
President.
May 9, 1919.
23499

Municipal Notification
No. 2502.

7% LOAN 1919
Price of Issue until further notice 95 per cent.

Under the authority of Resolution V passed at the Annual Meeting of Ratepayers on April 9, 1919, the Council hereby invites applications for debentures in the 7 per cent Loan of 1919.

The debentures in this issue will bear interest from the date of purchase at the rate of 7 per cent per annum payable on June 30 and December 31 in each year.

They will be issued at 95 per cent until further notice and will be redeemed on December 31, 1929.

The scrip will be issued in denominations of Tls. 1,000, Tls. 500 and Tls. 100 to suit the convenience of applicants.

Application forms can be obtained from the Treasurer, Finance Department, 24B Kiangse Road, to whom all enquiries should be addressed.

By order,
N. O. LIDDELL,
Secretary.

Council Room,
Shanghai, April 12, 1919.
22364

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Price .....$3 each.

Applications must be accompanied by payment and must be forwarded to the undersigned before noon on Saturday, 17th instant.

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By Order of the Stewards,
A. W. OLSEN,
Secretary, Shanghai Race Club.
23601

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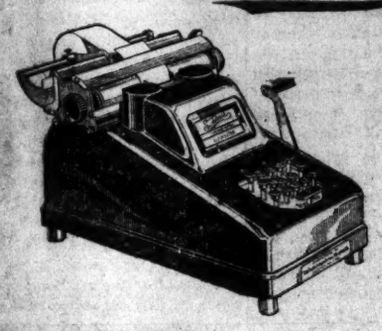

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CHINESE-AMERICAN CO.,
B. Atwood Robinson, President.
Shanghai, 8th May, 1919.
23590

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23614 M. 20

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AN experienced Import and Export Compradore seeks position. Apply to Box 173, THE CHINA PRESS.
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22886

TO LET, 44 Sinza Road, excellent residence of four large and three small rooms. Apply premises or J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.
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23612 M. 20

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WEATHER

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IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, MAY 17, 1919

Has A Man The Right To Criticise During War Time?

WHAT is the position of an intellectual in time of war? Is he an asset or a necessary evil, a superfluous excrescence like all other luxuries? How shall he make his contribution to the common cause? By declaring a moratorium on his reasoning faculties, and merging in the mass instinct, questioning nothing, supporting everything? Or by using his power of criticism to what he conceives to be the highest interests of his country even when his criticism appears to be destructive. Should he criticise his country's war aims or its manner of conducting the war when he feels that both need criticism and the chance of victory be increased by their change?

These are the questions that have constituted the dilemma of intellectuals—and not only intellectuals—in all countries since 1914. Some have answered them for themselves one way, some another; most have had them answered for them by their governments and willy-nilly have been silent. For the censorships have been relentless and the publics intolerant under the stimulation of the press. It has been a bad time for minorities, a lean time for intellectuals. Some will say that only thereby have we been able to preserve the unity that gave us victory. They will say that wars are won by morale, and morale is a matter of unquestioning faith, in which the emotions are all-important, and not reason; and that when people begin to think and to analyse they lose their enthusiasm. Others will say that the faith on which morale rests dwindles unless sustained by conviction, and conviction can come only by frank and open examination of every question raised by the war. They will say that if your cause is just criticism will serve only to make its justice stand out more clearly, and that if it is unjust no amount of suppression will conceal that from the rank and file of the people on whose morale everything depends, and no amount of suppression and stimuli to patriotism will sustain that morale under these conditions. And they will say now that had more open discussion of war aims and peace terms been allowed during the war, we should not have had the months of wrangling at the peace conference and resulting unsatisfactory compromises. Which is right one cannot decide, but at any rate it is the former whose view carried in this war, and of the results one is somewhat dubious.

We reprint an interesting discussion of the question from the editorial columns of the New York Tribune, which is quite frankly partisan. It states its side forcefully under the heading "The Tossing Intellect":

"There happens along a quotation ascribed to Gilbert Murray which deserves a little thought. It reads thus:

> There is always a place for protests against the main convention, for rebellion, paradox, partisanship and individuality, and for every personal taste that is sincere. Progress comes by contradiction. Eddies and tossing spray add to the beauty of every stream and keep the water from stagnancy.

"We do not know when these words were written. Very likely before the war. But they express very well the point of view of those intellectuals during the war who protested against every restraint upon protest, and who refused to concede that war time necessitated any subordination of personality. They express the idea, and they also, we think, suggest its fallacy. Why protests? Why rebellion? Why eddies and tossing spray? To 'keep the water from stagnancy.' Well, whatever else war time may be, it is certainly not a stagnant time. The stream may be too violent, too narrow, too all-compelling. But it is certainly not stagnant.

"The truth is that such protests of personality as were then advocated accomplished nothing in war time save to irritate and discourage. There is no stagnation which they can bestir. But the tossing intellect can sting and annoy and vex. When heavy jail sentences were imposed upon some of our prominent protesters and rebels, for example, there were protests from intellectual and well-meaning folk who ought to have known better. The truth is that the common instinct is far wiser and saner in war time than the pet theory of the intellectual. It is at least based on the facts of human nature that if a war is to be won it can only be won by a complete subordination of individual tastes and hobbies and a complete devotion to the one job. As so often, half-way reason is here a poor enough substitute for whole-hearted instinct.

"Put these same intellectuals in a blazing house and their instincts would overwhelm their pretty intellectuals and function soundly enough. They would not insist upon etiquette or a debate, or a compliance with anybody's rules about anything. They would save what they could and debate afterward. In war time, because the fire is not actually scorching them and their rare brains can work unimpaired by subconscious reactions, they spin out the most astonishing theories as to how the fellows actually being scorched should behave, and insist upon the most decorous and careful and regular procedure on the part of the firemen. 'Don't make such a racket!' 'Let me cross the street here!' 'Why do you carry that hose across my stoop?' And so on.

"We should be inclined to rest our definition of true wisdom upon the ability to know when to trust to one's instincts and let reason go hang."

Red Cross Work In Peace

By Livingston Farrand

(*Chairman of the Central Committee of the American Red Cross*)

The Red Cross has done a great work and done it magnificently. The whole world recognises its success. But that work fades into insignificance when compared with the possibilities which lie ahead. The war was fought to make the world a fitter place in which to live. We all realise now, and we knew before the war, that the world, even in peace times, does not present ideal or even very good living conditions. The stimulus of the war created everywhere a desire to serve, and in many ways the Red Cross made that desire effective. The impetus of the great task now being completed is carrying us on the the solution of these problems. With the strong spirit of service abroad in the land, and with the machinery of the Red Cross organisation at its present pitch of power and efficiency, there is perhaps a better chance than ever before in the world to raise the average of human well-being. That is why the work that lies ahead of the Red Cross is greater and more fundamentally important than the work that lies behind.

It is difficult, even impossible, to say at this time what the details of our peace activities will be. Our efforts are still deeply engrossed in the after-the-war emergency. The far-reaching program of service built up during the last two years for our own soldiers and sailors and their families and for the warstricken people of our Allies cannot be abruptly abandoned. Our army is still in Europe. Though France, Italy and Belgium are rapidly taking over the relief work within their own borders, this transfer must be made carefully to insure a permanent result. Within the last few months emergency calls have come from Poland, the Balkans, Russia and Palestine.

In the United States itself, service to the returning troops (both whole and disabled) and to their families must continue. Here and abroad many problems and distresses resulting directly from the war remain to be dealt with. Last November it was expected that the funds already in hand would be sufficient to carry the work abroad to a successful conclusion. This expectation cannot be realised. In spite of the most rigid economy and careful distribution, the appropriations for relief in Europe for first two months of 1919 were the largest ever made by the War Council. A further appeal for funds will not be made until the last possible moment, but it is highly probable that such action will be necessary before the year is out. The war task of the Red Cross is not finished and, for a short time at least, it will demand our chief energies.

Meantime, the future is taking on definite shape.

Nearly all problems of distress reduce themselves largely to terms of the physical condition of the people. In America 600,000 men in the prime of life were rejected in the army draft because of preventable minor ailments. Last year 150,000 people died of tuberculosis, a curable and preventable disease. One-tenth of our babies die before they reach the age of one year. Thousands of men, women, and children in America were suffering the bitter limitations of avoidable ill health. Such waste of human power should no longer be tolerated. The Red Cross has definitely entered the field to protect our public health. The campaign will be carried on through Chapter Committees on Nursing Activities. In this work the Red Cross does not desire to usurp the field of any existing organisation. Where public health or nursing organisations exist, the local Red Cross will seek to co-operate with them to the full extent of its resources.

The Red Cross will follow three main lines of attack in the battle against disease. To establish public nursing service in each community will be the first aim. A public nurse is a gilt-edge investment in good health. Her duties are too various to describe. Among them are prenatal care, hourly nursing, child care, industrial nursing. She keeps a wary eye on sanitation. She is ready for all emergency calls. Suffice it to say that she is the guardian of the public well-being. Where the community cannot install such a nurse, the Red Cross chapters will be urged to do so, as a demonstration, until the State or municipality will assume the responsibility. Because the number of women fitted for this work falls far below the need, the Red Cross has appropriated $100,000 for scholarships to encourage graduate nurses to take the necessary extra training in social work.

Ill-health and lowered vitality are most often directly due to disregard of the simplest rules of hygiene and right living. Family health is in the hands of the housekeepers. The Red Cross will try to bring to all American women the saving knowledge of the principles of diet, sanitation, and home nursing. These courses are short and simple and easily adapted to the especial needs of the student—whether she be business woman, factory worker or housekeeper.

The study of first-aid will also be promoted. Although administered by the Department of Military Relief instead of the Department of Nursing, this work is an integral part of the fight for physical fitness.

The influenza epidemic, the horror of which is still fresh in our memories, emphasised the necessity of permanent preparation for such disasters. Many communities suffered heavy loss because available medical resources were not known. In others the prompt location of nurses and doctors saved the day. To guard against future emergency, each Red Cross chapter will keep on record as complete a list at possible of the nurses and women with nursing experience in its district.

No pledge of service is implied by registration in this nursing survey; but in addition to this the chapters will continue to enroll Red Cross nurses to insure an adequate reserve for the American army and navy.

In the field of Home Service the Red Cross will continue to aid our fighting men and their families until the army is demobilised and after that to assist them in the inevitable period of readjustment. The after care of disabled men will be important for some time to come. Home Service Sections have recently received permission to care for families, unconnected with the Army or navy, whose distress is a direct result of influenza. In the future they will be able to undertake general social welfare in many communities where there are no other agents for this relief.

Chapters still have large stocks of material on hand which they are urged to make up into sewed and knitted garments to help meet the tremendous need for clothing in Europe. The commission to Europe has asked that for the time being they receive shipments of 1,000,000 garments a month. We cannot tell how long it will be wise to continue production in the chapter workrooms. We know that at present the need is literally unlimited.

As always, the Red Cross will be organised to relieve disaster. For this purpose emergency supplies will be collected at central points, available for immediate use.

Ten million social children have served the Red Cross in ways as valuable as they were innumerable. They will continue their active membership in the future. The exact form of service that will be asked of them is not yet formulated. They can be assured, however, that their future part will not be unworthy of their past.

The development of the American Red Cross during the war has awakened the world to the possibilities of this type of organisation. Thirty days after the declaration of peace a convention of all Red Cross societies will meet in Geneva. A committee representing the societies of America, England, France, Japan, and Italy is formulating, with the aid of experts, the program to be presented for their consideration. This will include campaigns against tuberculosis, malaria, and other preventable diseases, the promotion of child welfare, and all other peacetime activities in which the Red Cross can effectively engage. It is hoped that an international organisation may be established in Geneva, to act as a clearing house for the national societies. It would distribute information and advice on new experiments, suggest activities, and stimulate development as opportunity arose. A strong Red Cross organisation in each country would do much to cleanse the world and prevent disease and suffering from reaching the crushing proportions to which they have grown.

The Red Cross is going out to deal with fundamental problems of living, not simply results of the temporary disorganisations of affairs. The present organisation has been tempered in the stress of world struggle. It has accomplished impossibilities under terrific strain. In the hands of the American people it is a tried and powerful tool for human betterment. Not to use it would be unpardonable. There is no organisation that has ever dreamed of being able to accomplish the things now at the door of the Red Cross.

America Will 'Carry On'

An Article By Dr. Charles W. Eliot

(*President Emeritus Of Harvard University*)

In April, 1917, the American people, with remarkable unanimity, went to war with Germany, hurriedly created a large army and poured out their money lavishly in order to get a portion of that army into the actual fighting in France as soon as possible. At home or abroad everybody joined in the work. What motives prompted the people to these great exertions and sacrifices? Many people, including a large proportion of our soldiers and sailors, went eagerly into the war because they abhorred the German method of carrying on war as exemplified in Belgium and France, and feared that the German power might prove too great for Great Britain and France to resist, and that our turn might come when the European democracies had been conquered. The proposal of Herr Zimmermann that Japan and Mexico should unite to attack our Southwestern States opened the eyes of many Americans to the scope and strength of the German purpose to dominate, and convinced them that we had better take an active part at once in the horrible fighting which had already been going on in Europe for two years and a half. Our soldiers went to the battlefields to "put the Huns down" and to rid the world of them for the future. Now, that object has been measurably accomplished. So far, so good. But millions of Americans had another motive, shared also by our young soldiers. They said with President Wilson: "We want to make this world safe for democracy. It is not safe now. No democracy in Europe is safe. We are not safe. We are ready to spend our sons and daughters and all our money to make democracy safe for the future." That part of the work the American people then undertook is not yet done. Is democracy safe anywhere in Europe today? In France? By no means. Is Poland safe yet? Can they set up a secure republic? Is Czecho-Slovakia safe? What of Armenia and Syria, and Palestine? Are any of these countries safe from outrage and destruction? Not yet. This comprehensive object of America in going to war is not yet accomplished.

Then there was another motive which governed millions of Americans when they went into this war with a tremendous sweep of physical and spiritual energy. They wanted to make this world a better place to live in than it has been for the past generations or for the present. How many a dying soldier has said as he died that he had given his life that his children, or the posterity of his friends, should find this world a better place to live in than he had found it, or than his generation had found it. Those words have been in the mouths of thousands of dying youths whose bodies are buried in France. Is that part of the work to which the American people put its hand done? Is that end accomplished? Not yet.

There is only one means of accomplishing these unfulfilled hopes and intentions of the American people—a league to enforce peace, or prevent war, the smaller the better, if it has force enough. In the hands of that league should be forces, military as well as naval, strong enough to prevent any other power or powers in the world from venturing on aggressive war.

No patriot, no lover of mankind, should be willing to contemplate the possibility of another war like that which has just ceased. Another such war, if nations possessing great industrial forces are engaged in it, will be much more abominable than this one has been. It will be a war chiefly waged upon non-combatants, upon women and children and old people, not upon combatants aligned against each other in trenches or fortifications. Anybody who is willing to look facts in the face can see this. The most effective force used against Germany in this war has been the blockade; because Germany was a country which could not produce within itself enough food for its population, and had always been obliged to import the raw materials of many of its essential industries. For at least two years past, while the German soldiers have been sufficiently fed, the German people at home, except the very rich, have been underfed to the lasting impairment of the vigor of the nation. That is, a blockade wars on non-combatants, and particularly on young women, children, and babies. For years Great Britain, France and Italy have been providing themselves with airplanes from which to bomb enemy cities and villages, and we American were almost ready, when the war stopped, to prosecute the war in this way on a vast scale. It is not possible to aim with anything approaching precision a bomb which has to be dropped from a moving airplane a mile or more above the surface of the earth. In the next war fleets of airplanes will fly high over all boundaries, trenches, and fortifications, and bombard cities and villages filled with non-combatants. The Germans introduced into the war, which has just ceased, poisonous gases in shells and hand grenades, and jets of fire and poison. The other industrial nations who were at war copied the Germans after some delay; and when the war ceased America was almost ready to put into use huge quantities of worse poisons, both liquid and gaseous, than any that Germany had produced. Every strong industrial nation will hereafter be able to employ amply those horrible means of slaughter. Again, powerful submarines will be freely used hereafter by every nation which has the means of building them. It was an American invention improved upon by Great Britain, France and Italy, but best developed by Germany, which had not fully proved the power of its latest submarines when the war came to an end. But sea war, with and against submarines, is by far the most ferocious method of warfare on and under the seas that has ever been known. Each party must sink the other at sight without warning and without prisoners, and by preference without leaving any trace of the victims. Undersea warfare is pirate warfare, except that killing rather than robbery is the prime object. In the next war if there is to be any, every nation which possesses great industrial forces will use the submarine method to the utmost. This vision of what the next war will be, if nations of great industrial power engage in it, is too horrible to contemplate. There must be no next war.

The only imaginable means of preventing another war is a League of Nations pledged to prevent war by force. Unless Great Britain, the United States and France now succeed in constructing a League of Nations capable of preventing war, more horrible war than that we have known since August, 1914, will break out. Europe is full of fight at this moment. There and in many other parts of the world wrongs, injustices, and hatreds exist which are capable of bringing on war as soon as the outraged nations recover from their present exhaustion. The only means of prevention is a firm alliance of the few nations that have conquered Germany, and are agreed in a common purpose to prevent by force aggressive warfare anywhere in the world.

In the face of this supreme need of mankind, details about the structure and functions of this League of Nations have no significance. It must be small at first, because the democracies are few, and because only a few nations have had practice in military, naval, and commercial co-operation against a common enemy. This is the only way now open to mankind to prevent another war worse than the one which has just been suspended for the time being. But some people say, are we to fight war with war? Yes! That is the only way to deal with a burglar or a lunatic nation; that is just what we have been doing for two years past with a clear conscience and some measure of success; but we hope to have force enough behind the League of Nations to prevent any nation or group of nations from risking a contest with the League. Others say that the civilised nations cannot carry the burden of competitive armaments any longer. True! But the League for Peace affords the only means now visible of reducing armaments. It can decree, and enforce its decree, that no nation shall keep any army except one of the Swiss sort. The Swiss Military Constitution has provided for two generations an effective army which creates no military class and abolishes militarism.

Shall the American people then be cautious—as some advise—about taking any responsibility within, or on behalf of, the proposed League of Nations? Shall we fear to pledge the lives of our sons and all we possess to creating and maintaining in permanence this irresistible force, controlled, and only to be used, by the League of the few nations that are of one mind about keeping the peace of the world? Shall the American people now fail to support their own Chief Magistrate who has been leading the world in advocacy of safety for democracy, and of a better world for human kind to live in? The answer leaps to the lips of every true American—soldier, sailor, or civilian. Never! The Senate will ratify whatever covenant the Peace Conference shall bring forth, provided it promise efficiency now and growth in the future, and the American people will cheerfully and thankfully bear whatever burdens and responsibilities it may impose on them.

And yet the country has been forced to listen, during the last few weeks to some political partisans and some advocates of secluded selfishness as the soundest policy for America, saying: "Beware of becoming crusaders for liberty elsewhere. Take care of American liberties. Do not risk our sons any more on European battlefields. Call our armies home, and let them go to work for American won. Be deceived no longer by these rhetorical ideals of universal liberty and justice among men. America first. We have got troubles enough ahead here in America. Let us henceforth take care interests and no others. The war is of our own business and our own homes, and leave Europe and Asia to shift for themselves."

The American people will not listen long to any of these nauseous voices. We shall "carry on" to the just and holy end. We shall continue to help make democracy safe and the world a better place for posterity to live in.

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Bringing Up Father

By George McManus

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COME OUT-I WANT TO SEE IF YOU ARE WANDERING AROUND IN YOUR UNDERSHIRT-
COME UP HERE-I WANT YOU TO HELP ME LOOK FOR MY FALSE-TEETH-
WHY DIDN'T YOU COME THE MINUTE I CALLED YOU?
I'VE BEEN TALKIN' IN THE PARLOR TO YOU SOCIETY FRIEND-MR. ARTIE CHOKE!
3-25

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Jade Craze In London

"Our customers are craving for color," said a well known London jeweler when asked what stones and gems were selling best at this moment. "It would seem as if they must have it to counteract the blackness of the war. That is why, in my opinion, jade and amber have had so great a sale of late.

"Jade, as perhaps you know, of the pure bright green shade now so fashionable for frocks and millinery is a very costly luxury, even when produced in the form of a bead necklace. The Chinese call it the symbol of virtue.

"There is a white kind known as camphor jade, or 'mutton-fat' by some people. But for wearing purposes bright green jade is most effective and fashionable.

An Old-Time Favorite

"Of amber ornaments there are many more in the jewel-boxes of private possessors than of jade. For jade used to be only a collector's hobby, whereas amber has been fashionable from time to time for years and years past.

"A great many necklaces made of it were brought to this country after the Crimean war from Turkey, and some of them are still in wear, showing tassels set at intervals made of beads and buttons, with the very long tassel to act as a centerpiece."

The Charm Of Amber

In some cases clear and cloudy amber beads are strung alternately to make a necklace, but connoisseurs prefer the two to be kept part. The length of the "string" is quite a matter of choice and expediency. Some women wear a short chain, falling just below the throat, others a long one reaching almost to the knees.

Amber has always been credited with the attributes of a charm, and there are still people who believe that to wear it constantly is a sure preventive of goitre and a remedy for hay fever.

Beads Made Of Tortoiseshell

Other early Victorian favorites amongst necklaces are those made of agate and cornelian, many of which are of lovely colorings, yellow, red-brown, and a translucent watery blue which is very becoming to the blue-eyed girl.

Tortoiseshell beads are a novelty in blonde or dark shades, costing round about ten guineas a string.

'Curtain Ring' Circlet

With reference to what are known as the precious stones the cry for color is just as insistent. Single stone rings of a square shape are being preferred set in platinum or palladium. In this form brilliant blazes of color are procurable. Pigeon's-blood rubies, emeralds, and bright sapphires stand away from a slender circlet of platinum or palladium, formed in what is known as the curtain ring design—the favorite choice of the bride of 1919 for her wedding ring.

Each gem thus presented has a few diamonds closely packed, set pave, as it is called, upon either side, not to court special attention, for the culminating point is always the central stone, but to give it an atmosphere of coruscating brilliancy.

Greens And Blues

The sea-green aquamarine, exquisite in its purity, is a very favorite setting for the brooch that was the popular present, especially in the bar form, of the Eastern bridegroom to his bridesmaids.

Pink and green tourmaline are also assured of great regard. They are both lovely in color and most effective.

That old favorite the turquoise is another well-timed revival. Could anything be more charming or more bright than this stone, which looks lovely set in a ring, in a brooch, or in the pendent form. Worn as a great chunk of color slung upon an almost invisible chain a turquoise answers bravely to the demand for brightness.

We will buy your KODAK or sell you one in exchange

Burr 2 Broadway

Are You Prone To Weep?

By Eleanore Gilbert

Can you accept a criticism without weeping over it? Do you dissolve into tears over every slight reprimand? Then take note that you will forever bar the doors of opportunity to work for many big business men.

For I have been told many times by men who looked strong and able and self-willed that the weeping habit which many women seem to indulge is the one thing which makes them crumble. "I can't reason with a woman who comes into my office and cries," declared one of them. "I want to tell her that I didn't mean anything I said and that she can have anything she wants if she'll only stop crying. And rather than risk that foolish way of administering necessary criticisms I keep women out of important jobs.

"If one of them made a mistake that I had to reprimand her for, and she wept—well, I'd lose my temper or let her have her own way or do something unreasonably desperate at once!"

A man never can tell what kind of woman has the weeping habit. Here's a woman who, though young, seems cheerful, bright, sensible and works in an eminently satisfactory manner. She is late three mornings in succession.

The chief summons her and gently calls her attention to the fact that office hours were made to be observed. He expects her to provide a nice reason and a pleasant promise to repeat the offense no more. But no. Instead, she bursts into tears, sobs out some wild counter-accusation, and makes the man feel as though he had brutually beaten her! Business manners fly out of the window before the women with the weeping habit.

Weeping is just a habit. Sometimes it proceeds from a nervous disorder. The overstrung woman, at the pitch of nervous tension readily cries at the least little thing. But that is a curable thing. In fact, any kind of weeping habit is curable. Either you weep uncontrollably because of a physical tension which is temporary, or you are one of those women who cry every time she feels sorry for herself—and she finds so many times to be sorry for herself!

Control the habit. It may be a relief to indulge in a crying spell once in a while. Some women need it occasionally, just as some men need to box once in a while in order to work off surplus energy. But never—no, never, never—let anybody see weeping or even so much as the telltale pink eyes during business hours.

You can't hold a man's respect if he sees you crying. He instantly classifies you with all the rest of "fool women" who cry for anything and everything they want. Maybe a wife can wheedle a new hat out of a man with the aid of a few tears. He can't fire her for crying, even if he feels like it. But he can fire a woman employe if she gets on his nerves—and with excellent justification.

If women talk equality with men, we have to dispense with the emotion ammunition that men are deprived of—tears. Play fair. Answer criticism with logical argument—not with the tearful deluge!

Do You Know That—

Workmen in Japan wear on their caps an inscription stating their business and their employer's name.

* * *

The third finger on the left hand on which the engagement and wedding ring are worn is anatomically the weakest of the ten.

* * *

In olden times ivy bushes used to be hung over the doors of taverns as signboards, because the plant was sacred to Bacchus, the god of wine.

* * *

One of the curious customs of the nobles of Annam is to permit their nails to grow extremely long. The result is that the hands of these Oriental aristocrats are nearly useless for any practical purposes.

* * *

At wrestling and fencing matches in Japan the umpire always uses a large fan, and the various motions of this fan constitute a language which the contestants understand perfectly, and to which they pay prompt attention. The servant girl has a flat fan made of rough paper to blow the charcoal fires with, or which she uses as a dust-pan.

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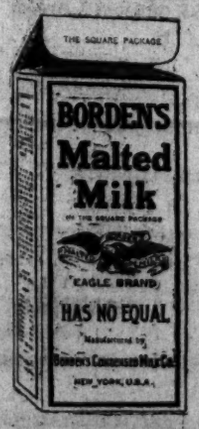
3. Make its food light. You, youself, don't eat as much heavy meat in summer as in winter. Lighten your baby's diet.

Also don't give him raw cow's milk with its heavy indigestible curd and germs of summer complaint—summer complaint that kills more babies than any other cause in the world.



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For River Ports

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Siangyang Maru**, Captain J. A. Scott, will be despatched from N.Y.K. Mail Wharf on **Saturday, May 17**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA.** No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Wuchang**, Captain Pickard, will leave on **Saturday, May 17**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. **Hwahta**, will leave on **Sunday** night. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Tachang Maru**, Captain Y. Taniguchi, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wahrf on **Monday, May 19**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA.** No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Chartered Steamer **Hwahlee**, tons 1,151, will leave on **Monday, May 19**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Passengers Tel. No. 240. Freight Tel. No. 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tatung**, Captain C. C. Williams, will leave from the French Bund on **Monday, May 19**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Luenyi**, Captain Frazier, will leave from the French Bund on **Tuesday, May 20**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Tafoo Maru**, Captain A. Yamasita, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on **Tuesday, May 20**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA.** No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. **Loongwo**, tons 3,925, Capt. Findeison, will leave on **Tuesday, May 20**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Passengers Tel. No. 240. Freight Tel. No. 250.

For Southern Ports

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The Str. **Kwangtah**, Captain C. Stewart, will leave on **Saturday** morning. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

FOOCHOW.—The Str. **Hsinchi**, Captain E. Hansen, will leave on **Sunday** morning. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Yingchow**, Captain E. B. Simons, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on **Sunday, May 18**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Freight. Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Hsin Peking, Captain A. Stott R. N. R. will leave from the French Bund on **Monday, May 19**, at 5:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tean**, Captain A. J. Scott, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on **Tuesday, May 20**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG.—The Str. **Canada Maru**, Captain T. Bando, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **Thursday, May 29**, at ——— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom jetty at ——— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

For Northern Ports

TIENTSIN DIRECT.—The Kailan Mining Administration S.S. **Kwangping**, will despatch on **Saturday, May 17**. For Freight or Passage, apply to Agent, 1 Jinkee Road, Tel. Central 1115.

TSINGTAO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Kwangse**, Captain J. D. Milne, will leave on **Saturday, May 17**, at noon. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Fengtien**, Captain McIntosh, will leave from the French Bund on **Saturday, May 17**, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

CHEFOO & NEWCHWANG.—The Str. **Tonnan**, Captain C. Slepperd, will leave on **Sunday** morning. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

ANTUNG.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Wenchow**, Captain A. V. Harrison, will leave on **Sunday, May 18**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tungchow**, Captain Harris, will leave from the French Bund on **Tuesday, May 20**, at 3 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

For Foreign Ports

TACOMA & SEATTLE CALLING at VICTORIA B. C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU & YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Steamer **Africa Maru**, Captain H. Yamamoto, will be despatched on **Tuesday, May 27**. Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment. The steam-alunch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom's Jetty at ——— on the same day. For Freight or Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

LONDON and ANTWERP.—The Steamer **Amur Maru**, Captain I. Hamada, will be despatched from the Co.'s No. 9 Buoy on **Thursday, March 29**. For Freight, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4047.

MARSEILLES.—The Steamer **Indo Maru**, Captain T. Yendoh, will be despatched from the Co.'s No. 9 Buoy on **Saturday, June 7**. For Freight, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

LONDON via MARSEILLES.—The Steamer **Andes Maru**, Captain K. Goko, will be despatched from the Co.'s No. 9 Buoy on **Tuesday, June 10**. For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

TACOMA & SEATTLE CALLING at VICTORIA B. C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU & YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Steamer **Arabia Maru**, Captain T. Saito, will be despatched on **Sunday, July 20**. Through Bills of Lading are granted for American ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment. The steam-alunch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom's Jetty at ——— on the same day. For Freight or Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

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Suwa Maru	May 9

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Bassano	Apr. 18
Carnarvonshire	Apr. 19
Chifuku Maru	Apr. 24
Somedone Maru	Apr. 26
Nellore	Apr. 25
Atsuta Maru	Apr. 29
Peleus	May 3
Glengyle	May 4
Carmarthenshire	May 10
Shidzuoka Maru	May 12

For Liverpool

Telamon	Apr. 17
Pakling	May 11

For Marseilles

Luzon Maru	Apr. 13
Paul Lecat	May 10

For Odessa

Mylie	Apr. 24

For Bombay

Dunera	Apr. 10
Toyo Maru 2	Apr. 20
Hejaz	Apr. 26

For Java

Tjiliwong	May 9

For Saigon

Balestrand	Apr. 13

For New Castle (Australia)

Hwahting	Apr. 9

Shipping Items

The I.-C. s.s. Hwahlee (chartered) left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.M. s.s. Kianghsin left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The C.N. s.s. Tatung left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Tachang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The I.-C. s.s. Loongwo left Hankow for Shanghai on Thursday.

The C.N. s.s. Luenyi left Hankow for Shanghai on Thursday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Nanyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai Thursday.

The C.N. s.s. Sunning left Hongkong for Shanghai on Thursday.

The H.O. s.s. Tehhsing left Hankow for Shanghai on Thursday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangfoo left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Woosung left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Tafoo Maru left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The S.M.R. s.s. Kobe Maru arrived in Shanghai from Dairen yesterday and will sail for the same port today. The tender with passengers and mails will leave the Customs Jetty at noon.

The R.V.F. s.s. Mongugai will leave for Vladivostok and Nagasaki today.

The C.N. s.s. Tungchow left Tientsin for Chefoo, Weihaiwei and Shanghai on Thursday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyu will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Talee Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The P. and O. s.s. Neuralia will be despatched for London and Marseilles via Suez on May 22.

The P. and O. s.s. Dilwara with mails for Europe, will sail for Bombay via Hongkong, Singapore and Colombo next Monday. The tender with passengers and mails will leave the Customs Jetty at 11 o'clock in the morning.

The I.-C. s.s. Luenho will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.N. s.s. Chenan will leave Hongkong for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.N. s.s. Shuntien will leave Tientsin for Chefoo, Weihaiwei and Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.P.O.S. s.s. Empress of Asia arrived at Woosung from Vancouver and Victoria, B. C. early this morning and the tender with inward passengers and mails may be expected to reach the Customs Jetty about 9.30 o'clock. The Asia sails for Hongkong via Manila the same evening and the tender Alexandra conveying passengers and mails will leave the Customs Jetty at 6.30 o'clock.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Euryades, from Liverpool, left Singapore for Hongkong and Shanghai on Monday.

We are informed by Messrs. Butterfield and Swire that the Blue Funnel liner Teucer left Singapore for Hongkong last Saturday.

Launch Services

TODAY

The tender Alexandra conveying passengers and mails on board the R.M.S. Empressof Asia will leave the Customs Jetty at 6.30 p.m.

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the S.M.R. s.s. Kobe Maru will leave the Customs Jetty at noon.

Monday, May 19, 1919

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the P. and O. s.s. Dilwara will leave the Customs Jetty at 11 a.m.

Friday, May 23, 1919.

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the R.V.F. s.s. Simbirsk will leave the Customs Jetty at 3 p.m.

C. N. C.

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

YANGTSZE RIVER & CHINA COAST PORTS. FAST SCHEDULE SERVICES.

For **CHINKIANG, NANKING, WUHU, KIUKIANG and HANKOW.**—S.S. Woosung, Luenyi, Ngankin, Poyang, Tatung, Wuchang and Chungking.—Sailing from the French Bund at midnight (except Chungking which sails from Pootung at midnight). These steamers connect at Hankow with the Company's regular sailings on the Middle Yangtsze and Hunan Lines.

The steamers Wuchang and Chungking are specially fitted to handle heavy lifts, etc., but have no accommodation for Foreign passengers.

Regular sailings every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday and every third Monday and Thursday.

For **WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN (and Peking via TIENTSIN).**—S.S. Tungchow, Fengtien, Shuntien and Shengking.—Sailing from the French Bund.

Regular sailings every Tuesday and Saturday and every alternate Thursday.

For **AMOY, SWATOW, HONGKONG and CANTON.**—S.S. Suiyang, Sunning, Sinkiang, Yingchow, Singan and Haifong.—Sailing from the French Bund. Weekly service every Thursday to Amoy and every Sunday to Swatow. Connections at Hongkong with service to Philippines and Australian ports will be advised upon application.

Regular sailings every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday mornings.

For **NINGPO—S.S. Hsin Peking.**—Sailing from the French Bund.

Regular sailings every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4.30 p.m.

The above steamers have Electric Light throughout and are fitted with Electric Fans and Steam Heaters in State Rooms and Dining Saloons, and are otherwise completely equipped for the comfort and convenience of passengers.

For further particulars regarding Sailings, Passage Rates, etc., see "THE TAIKOO SHIPPING GAZETTE" obtainable from the undersigned, or from The International Sleeping Car and Express Trains Co. (Astor House), or from Messrs. Thomas Cook and Son, Russo-Asiatic Bank Buildings, 15 The Bund.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

Freight: Telephone Central 77. Agents, 21-23 French Bund.

Passage: Telephone Central 401.

PACIFIC MAIL S.S. CO.

AMERICAN STEAMERS

TRANS-PACIFIC SERVICE

"ECUADOR" VENEZUELA" "COLOMBIA"

AMERICAN REGISTRY

SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI (Subject to Change)

For San Francisco via Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu		For Hongkong via Manila	
S.S. Colombia	May 24	S.S. Venezuela	May 31
S.S. Venezuela	June 21	S.S. Ecuador	June 28
S.S. Ecuador	July 19	S.S. Colombia	July 26

Steamers equipped with most modern improvements for the safety and comfort of passengers. One and two bed staterooms only. No Upper Berths. Tickets interchangeable with Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd. and Toyo Kisen Kaisha.

EAST INDIA SERVICE

"COLUSA" "SANTA CRUZ"

AMERICAN REGISTRY

SAILINGS FROM MANILA (Subject to Change)

For Saigon, Singapore, Calcutta and Colombo		For San Francisco via Honolulu	
S.S. Colusa	July 10	S.S. Santa Cruz	June

PANAMA SERVICE

Regular Sailings from San Francisco

MEXICO—CENTRAL AMERICA—PANAMA

Safety and comfort of passengers our first consideration. For information of freight or passage apply to

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY

1-B Nanking Road, Palace Hotel Building.

Telephone Central 5056 Cable Addres "Solano"

VESSELS IN HARBOR AND AT WOOSUNG

Date		From	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Feb.	12	Japan	Yoiko Maru	Jap.	M.B.K.
Feb.	15	Bellingham, Wash.	J. Steedman	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Mar.	13		Misaki Maru	Br.	M.B.K.
Mar.	16		Mituku Mar	Jap.	M.B. Co.
Mar.	20		Marie Barnard	Jap.	M.B. Co.
Apr.	6	Chinwangtao	Shinko Maru	Jap.	K.M.A.
Apr.	8	Hongkong	Castlefield	Br.	W. & Co.
Apr.	22	Hongkong	Kwongsang	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Apr.	22	Ningpo	Kiangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Apr.	26		Mongujy		
Apr.	27	Hongkong	Kwanglee	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
May	1	Japan	Fukuyo Maru	Jap.	
May	1	Tsingtao	Neuralia	Br.	M. M. & Co.
May	4	Tsingtao	Shinsei Maru 10	Jap.	S. Yoko
May	7	Vladivostok	Simbirsk	Rus.	R. V. F.
May	10	New York, etc.	St. Mihiel	Chi.	M. & Co.
May	10	Cruise	Chuentao	Chi.	Customs
May	11	Japan	Chihaya Maru	Jap.	M.B.K.
May	11	Canton	Hwahkuei	Chi.	B. & S.
May	11	Cruise	Liuhsing	Chi.	Customs
May	11	Hankow	Kiangping	Chi.	Ch. S.Shaw
May	12	Hongkong	Celtic Prince	Br.	D. & Co.
May	12	Hongkong	Shinon	Chi.	
May	12	San Francisco	Korsnaes	Am.	S. & Dix.
May	13	San Francisco	Westvaca	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co
May	13	Hongkong	Hwahkun	Br.	P. & O.S.N. Co.
May	13	Bombay	Dilwara	Br.	P.&O.S.N. Co.
May	13	Hongkong	Kwangtah	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
May	13	Japan	Toyo Maru	Jap.	S. Shokai
May	13	Japan	Pingching	Chi.	Customs
May	13	Vladivostok	Shinno Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
May	13	Hankow	Astrahan	Rus.	R.V.F.
May	13	River Ports	Javary	Am.	B.A.T. Co.
May	14	Japan	Kumano Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
May	14	Vladivostok	Tungus	Rus.	S. H. & Co.
May	14	Japan	Ryusei Maru	Jap.	
May	14	Wenchow	Kwangchi	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
May	15	Tientsin, ports	Kingsing	Br.	J. M. & Co.
May	15	Tsingtao	Yingchow	Br.	B. & S.
May	15	Hongkong	Kwangse	Br.	B. & S.
May	15	Hongkong	Glenamoy	Br.	G. L. E. A.
May	15	Japan	Kitaigen Maru	Jap.	
May	15	River ports	Tuckwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
May	15	River ports	Ngankin	Br.	B. & S.
May	15	River ports	Yohyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
May	15	Japan	Yeiko Maru	Jap.	
May	15	Japan	Yeiraku Maru	Jap.	
May	15	Vladivostok	Harold Dollar	Br.	R. D. & Co.
May	15	Tientsin, ports	Fengtien	Br.	B. & S.
May	15	London, ports	Tamba Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
May	16	Foochow	Hsinchi	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
May	16	Dairen	Kobe Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
May	16	Japan	Hokkai Maru	Chi.	S. Yoko
May	16		Chienan	Chi.	T. W. C.
May	16	River Ports	Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.S. Co.
May	16	River Ports	Hwahlee	Chi.	J.M. & Co.
May	16	Hankow	Hanping	Chi.	H. Y. P.
May	16	River Ports	Siangyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
May	16	Japan	Fuji Maru	Jap.	
May	16	Tsingtao	Fumi Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.

O. S. K.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA

(Osaka Mercantile Steamship Co.

Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government

SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

(Subject to Alteration)

FOR LONDON (Via Hongkong, Singapore, and Antwerp).

	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave
*AMUR MARU	15,000	I. Hamada,	May 27	May 28

FOR LONDON (Via Hongkong, Singapore, Marseilles and Antwerp).

	Tons	Capt.		
*ANDES MARU	15,000	K. Goko,	June 8	June 10

FOR MARSEILLES

	Tons	Capt.		
*INDO MARU	10,000	Y. Yendoh,	May 30	June 7

FOR NORTH AMERICA (Tacoma, Seattle and Vancouver) via Nagasaki, Kobe, and Yokohama.

In connection with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Ry.

	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave
*AFRICA MARU	20,000	H. Yamamoto,	May 26	May 27
*ARABIA MARU	15,000	T. Saito,	July 19	July 20

FOR HONGKONG

	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave
CANADA MARU	12,000	T. Bando,	May 28	May 29

FOR NORTH CHINA PORTS (Tientsin and Dairen).

	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave
KOHOKU MARU	5,000	M. Tsubaki,	May 13	May 15

FOR SOUTH CHINA PORTS and FORMOSA (Foochow, Keelung and Takao).

	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave
KOHOKU MARU	5,000	M. Tsubaki,	May 26	May 28

*Fully booked for passage.

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to Europe, South America, South Africa, Australia, India, Java, China, Korea, Vladivostok and also between the principal ports in Japan. Through freight booked from Shanghai.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA

Union Building, 4 The Bund

Tel. Nos. East 208 and 209 Tel. Nos. Central 4234 and 4235.

Tel. Address: SHOSEN, Shanghai, O.S.K. Yangeszepoo Wharf, Wayside.

T. K. K.

SHANGHAI BRANCH OFFICE

TOYO KISEN KAISHA.

(ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP CO.)

Imperial Japanese and U.S.M. Line to San Francisco from Shanghai, via Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu.

SEMI-TROPICAL ROUTE.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO

SHINYO MARU	May 26, 1919
KOREA MARU	June 29, 1919
TENYO MARU	July 24, 1919
SIBERIA MARU	Aug. 2, 1919
SHINYO MARU	Aug. 16, 1919
KOREA MARU	Sept. 13, 1919
TENYO MARU	Oct. 6, 1919

FOR HONGKONG

SHINYO MARU	July 26, 1919
TENYO MARU	Sept. 22, 1919

All steamers of this Company are thoroughly modern and up-to-date. Equipped with Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signals, Laundry, Children's Nursery, Ladies' Lounge, and all other modern improvements for safety and comfort. String Orchestra, Moving Picture Performance Deck Dances. Service and Cuisine unexcelled.

Lay-Over privileges allowed to all ports of call. Interchangeable with steamers of the PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY, and CANADIAN PACIFIC OCEAN SERVICES, LD.

Railway transportation betweenNagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama may be had on application to the purser.

T. N. ALEXANDER, Manager,

North China Insurance Co.'s Buildings,

Telephone, No. 3229. Entrance 71 Szechuen Road.

CHINA MAIL S.S. CO., LTD.

THE AMERICAN STEAMERS

"NANKING" (15,000 TONS) AND **"CHINA"** (10,300 TONS)

WILL SAIL FROM SHANGHAI FOR

SAN FRANCISCO

VIA NAGASAKI, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU

*S.S. "NANKING,"	JUNE	17th
S.S. "CHINA"	JULY	5th

*S.S. "NANKING" does not call at NAGASAKI nor HONOLULU.

FOR HONGKONG DIRECT

S.S. "NANKING"	JUNE	3rd
S.S. "CHINA"	JUNE	21st

For further information regarding passenger fares, sailings, freight rates, etc., apply to

F. C. CHARMAN.

Acting Agent.

CORNER SZECHUEN & KIUKIANG ROADS

PHONE CENTRAL 4773

"Sooner or later" is a smooth-sounding phrase, but the man who uses Want Ads knows that it pays to **DO IT NOW**

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N.Y.K.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

(Japan Mail Steamship Co.)

Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI
(Subject to Alteration)

EUROPEAN LINE

For Hongkong, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Suez, Portsaid, and England:

	Tons		
KAGA MARU	12,500	Capt. N. Segawa,	May 26
YOKOHAMA MARU	12,500	Capt. K. Okamoto,	June 9

AMERICAN LINE

Via Pacific, calling at Hongkong, Manila, Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, B. C., and Seattle, Washington.

FUSHIMA MARU	21,000	Capt. T. Irisawa,	June 27
KATORI MARU	19,000	Capt. S. Koma,	July 23

SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

KASUGA MARU	7,000	Capt. K. Itsuno,	May 23
YAMASHIRO MARU ..	7,000	Capt. Y. Nakajima,	May 30
CHIKUGO MARU	5,000	Capt. M. Taniguchi,	June 5

MOJI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE

KUMANO MARU	9,500	Capt. S. Saito,	May 17
TAKESHIMA MARU ..	4,500	Capt. R. Arakida,	May 21
YAWATA MARU	7000	Capt. H. Nojiri,	May 24
OMI MARU	7,000	Capt. H. Kawai,	May 28

KOBE TO SEATTLE

KASHIMA MARU	19,000	Capt. M. Machida,	June 8

FOR JAPAN

TAMBA MARU	12,500	Capt. T. Sekine,	May 17

FOR HONGKONG

KATORI MARU	19,000	Capt. I. Noma,	June 29

FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG

FUSHIMI MARU	21,000	Capt. T. Irisawa,	Jun. 3

AUSTRALIAN LINE

Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan ports and Australia (calling at Hongkong and Manila).

AKI MARU	12,500	Capt. F. C. Cope,	May 21
TANGO MARU	14,000	Capt. M. Nishimura,	June 25
NIKKO MARU	10,000	Capt. G. Yamazaki,	July 23

CALCUTTA LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Yokohama and Calcutta (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

BOMBAY LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Kobe and Bombay (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to China and Korean ports and Vladivostok, and also between the principal ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information apply to
T. IBUKIYAMA, Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha.

Tel. Address: Yusen, Shanghai.

CHINESE GOVERNEMENT RAILWAYS

TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE

TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)

March 15th, 1919, and until further notice

Mail 101.	Mail 3.		Miles	Peking-Mukden Line		Mail 4.
20.35	8.35		0	dep. Peking arr.		19.50
23.49	11.42		. .	arr. Tientsin-Central dep.		17.00
23.59	11.17		84	dep. Tientsin-Central arr.		16.53
24.00	11.25		. .	arr. Tientsin-East dep.		16.45
19.35	. .		524	arr. Mukden dep.		. .

Local 5.	Mail 3.	Exp. 1.		Tientsin-Pukow Line		Exp. 2.	Mail 4.	Local 6.
								8.
6.45	9.45	11.30	0	dep. Tientsin-East arr.		17.05	15.45	20.15
6.55	9.55	11.40	2.71	arr. Tientsin-Central dep.		16 55	15.35	20.05
7.25	10.15	11.55		dep. Tientsin-Central arr.		16.31	15.20	19.45
13.02	16.00	15.30	78	dep. Tsangchow dep.		13.05	11.28	15.28
16.40	19.20	18.08	148	dep. Pechow dep.		10.32	8.47	11.56
19.57	22.12	20.21	—	arr. Tsinanfu dep.		8.06	6.00	8.30
7.	.		220	3				8.
6.00	22.25	20.31	—	dep. Tsinanfu arr.		7.56	5.40	19.02
9.27	1.00	22.31	266	dep. Taianfu dep.		6.01	3.25	16.24
12.27	3.47	0.38	318	arr. Yenchowfu dep.		3.49	0.40	13.00
12.47	4.02	0.48		dep. Yenchowfu arr.		3.39	0.02	12.28
16.30	6.55	3.16	377	dep. Linchwang dep.		1.20	21.24	9.26
19.02	8.45	4.50	—	arr. Hsuchowfu dep.		23.36	19.20	6.30
9.	11.		420	2				10.
5.40	9.00	4.57	—	dep. Hsuchowfu arr.		23.29	19.00	20.50
11.26	13.02	8.38	522	arr. Pengpu dep.		19.53	14.55	16.20
11.51	13.20	8.40		dep. Pengpu arr.		19.46	14.35	14.09
18.27	17.34	11.52	600	dep. Chuchow dep.		16.48	10.59	8.27
20.18	18.55	13.00	631	arr. Pukow dep.		15.30	9.20	6.40

N. Exp.	Exp.			Shanghai-Nanking Line		Exp.	N. Exp.
23.00	14.20	0		dep. Nanking-Ferry arr.		14.15	6.50
7.00	21.00	193		arr. Shanghai-South dep.		7.55	23.00

Yenchowfu-Taianfu Branch Line					Liuchuang-Taochuang Branch Line						
13.10	4.10	d. Yenchowfu a.	12.08	23.53	21.30	16.40	9.30	d. Liuchuang a.	6.28	15.50	21.00
14.02	5.05	a. Taianfu d.	11.15	23.00	22.40	17.50	10.40	a. Taochuang d.	5.15	14.40	19.50

The station for the foreign concessions in Tientsin is "TIENTSIN-EAST".

The T. P. L. Express Trains are provided with 1st and 2nd class Sleeping, Dining accommodations and 3rd class cars only for 3rd class Through Passengers and servants accompanying 1st and 2nd class passengers.

Passengers travelling on the T. P. L. Express Trains must hold Express Extra Tickets in addition to passenger tickets. Application for Sleeping Accommodation should be made at the earliest possible moment to the Traffic Manager at Tientsin, or to the Traffic Inspectors at Tientsin, Tsinanfu, Hsuchowfu or Pukow.

By Order
THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.

Tientsin, March, 1919.

Large Display Advertisements
intended for the Sunday issue of The China Press should be sent in before **5 p.m. on Friday**

China Mutual Life Insurance Co. Meets

The twenty-first annual general meeting of The China Mutual Life Insurance Co., Ltd., was held yesterday afternoon at the head office, No. 10 Canton Road, and was attended by Messrs. C. R. Burkill, chairman, A. W. Burkill, G. M. Wheelock, A. E. Algar, H. P. Wadman, and R. MacGregor, directors; S. B. Neill, actuary; J. K. Tweed, secretary, and other policyholders, representing altogether 4,460 shares.

The chairman read the directors' report and auditors' certificate and said:

"The report and accounts which is now in your hands, and which following the usual custom I propose to take as read, is the twenty-first annual report and sets forth the position of the company upon its coming of age, and it is also, we hope, the last report ever to be issued regarding the working of the company under war conditions.

"In addition to the inevitable effect of the war upon our business, general conditions last year were very much against us. The continued unsettled condition of China, and trade depression in the Straits are both features which affected our business adversely. It is therefore with all the greater pleasure that we are able to inform you that the new business secured by the company shows a very satisfactory increase over the business in 1917. Applications were received for Tls. 2,728,412 and £924,394 and Rbls. 68,000. No policies were issued in Roubles, but policies were issued for Tls. 2,307,457 and £801,611, being a net increase, omitting Roubles, in sums assured applied for of over 8 lacs of Taels, or over £200,000 at exchange Tls. 4=£1, and over 6 lacs of Taels or £150,000 in policies issued. The insurances in force increased by £376,000 or over Tls. 1,500,000.

"This result is, we think, extremely satisfactory, and we consider our staff is to be highly congratulated thereon. Taking the same rate of exchange as in previous years, the amount of insurance applied for has only been exceeded in one year in the company's history, even before the war, and is very considerably in excess of the applications received by any other company in the Far East whose results are in our hands.

"The large amount of new business has of course naturally increased our expenses, which have been further increased by the Staff Provident Fund, which your directors considered it advisable to introduce in 1917.

"Our silver income has declined by Tls. 40,000, but our gold income has increased by nearly £37,000, the net increase being £27,000, taking exchange at Tls. 4=£1. The fact that our increase is entirely in gold is due to our assured taking advantage of the high rates of exchange.

"I must now refer to the death claims, which are very heavy this year as the result of the influenza epidemic. Our death claims in 1917 were, in round figures, Tls. 235,000 and £24,000. This year they are Tls. 252,000 and £49,000. You will notice that the increase in the claims in silver has been very much less than the increase in the claims in gold, which is confirmation of the statements we have seen that China has suffered from the scourge but very slightly in comparison with other parts of the world. The results which we have seen of other companies, and the general reports received, would show that all other insurance companies have suffered more or less severely from the epidemic, which is still raging with fatal results in England and America. Your directors have decided, in view of the fact that the epidemic has recurred in Europe and America, and that a recurrence is probably to be expected in the East, that they should declare no bonus on policies maturing this year, until they have an opportunity of examining the results for the year now current. The usual valuation has been made and shows a surplus, but the directors resolved at a board meeting held on April 30 that the surplus should not be dealt with until they have considered the accounts for the financial year 1919.

"As no bonus is to be declared, no dividend will be paid to the shareholders.

"In connection with the postponement of the bonus, you will be interested in the following extract from a speech made in London by the Hon. Mark Francis Napier, Chairman of the National Mutual Life Assurance Society at a meeting held on January 29:

"'In this connection I should like to call your attention to an interesting table which appeared on page 14 of the Annual Financial Review published by the Times on January 21. In the years 1916-1917, out of 31 offices making their periodical valuations, no less than 26 made no general bonus declaration. The table shows, too, how as the war progressed, and the gravity of its consequences were more fully appreciated, the number of offices passing their bonus gradually increased, although amongst them there are included quite a number who are in the very front rank.'

"It is evident that we are among the last of the companies to have our bonus affected

"While we must regret the heaviness of these influenza claims, we must not forget that the company is formed for the purpose of enabling people to make provision against early death, and that in meeting these claims we are doing that which the company was formed to do. We think that there could be no greater incentive to those with people dependent upon them to insure their lives, than the knowledge of the number of deaths which the epidemic of influenza has caused, particularly when it is remembered that the deaths occurred among the comparatively young, and those who in many cases have not been able to save.

"While on this point, I should like to say how much we appreciate the assistance we often receive from policyholders who recommend this company, or insurance in general, to their friends. We wish all our policyholders would do likewise—help to persuade their friends, firstly of the advantages of life insurance, and secondly of the advantages of insuring with the China Mutual Life.

"Our investments have been revalued as usual, and while our silver investments show a present value below their book value, the gold investments show a satisfactory surplus, much more than is necessary to offset the depreciation in the silver investments. A full statement of our investments is on the table, and may be seen by any policyholder who wishes to inspect it.

"The mortality experienced by the company since it commenced operations has been investigated, and the results will be published at a later date. This is the first investigation of the size that has ever been made into the mortality in certain of the countries in which we operate, and you will be glad to learn that the premiums charged by us have been shown to be quite adequate on the whole. We propose to increase the rates in certain agencies, and on the other hand to decrease them in others.

"In 1916 I had the unpleasant duty of announcing to you the death of Major W. H. Dent, formerly Superintendent of Agencies. I am happy to inform you that no other deaths occurred among the members of our staff who were serving with the army, though some were wounded or invalided. During the past year we have welcomed back our chief accountant, Mr. Tom Griffin, and Mr. Wilmer of our head office staff. We hope that a very little time will see the other members of our staff back with us.

"We wish to place on record our appreciation of the good service rendered to the company by our staff both at head office and at the agencies. The times have been difficult and trying to all during the past four years, and to our staff no less than to others.

"If anyone has any questions to ask I shall be glad to answer them to the best of my ability."

No questions being asked, the following resolutions were put forward and adopted:

That the directors' report, together with the accounts and balance sheet for the year ended December 31, 1918, be and they are hereby accepted and passed.—Proposed by Mr. C. R. Burkill, seconded by Mr. H. P. Wadman.

That Mr. A. W. Burkill be and he is hereby re-elected a director of the company.—Proposed by Mr. H. P. Wadman, seconded by Mr. A. E. Algar.

That Mr. H. P. Wadman be and he is hereby re-elected a director of the company.—Proposed by Mr. R. MacGregor, seconded by Mr. G. M. Wheelock.

That Messrs. G. H. and N. Thomson be and they are hereby elected auditors of the company for the year ending December 31, 1919.—Proposed by Dr. G. E. Goode, seconded by Mr. R. W. Skinner.

DOLLAR LINE

REGULAR TRANS-PACIFIC FREIGHT SERVICE

MANILA — HONGKONG — SHANGHAI
to
VANCOUVER

FOR VANCOUVER

S.S. "Melville Dollar" - - - - May 21st
S.S. "Harold Dollar" - - - - June 6th

FOR SAN FRANCISCO

S.S. "Windber" - - - - - - May 30th
S.S. "Western Knight" - - - - June 25th

FOR SEATTLE

S.S. "Western Knight" - - - - June 25th

Through Railway Bills of Lading issued to the Principal Cities of the United States and Canada.

For further information as to Freight Rates, etc.

apply to

THE ROBERT DOLLAR COMPANY

Union Building, Canton Road
TELEPHONE: CENTRAL 2303

LONDON MONEY MARKET

Reuter's Service

London, May 2.—Today's rates were as follows:

Consols, 2½ % for a-c.....	£55¼
French Rentes 3% for a-c	Fr. 62
Cheques on London at Paris	Fr.28.35
Telegraphic Transfers on London at New York	G.$4.67½
Japanese 4% Bonds	Y. 86½
Rupee Paper, 3½ % Loan 1854-55	Rs. 49½
Bar Silver	49½d.
Bank Rate of Discount	5%
Market Rate of Discount (3 month's Bank Bills)	3½%
Exchange Hongkong (Document Bills at 60 days) ...	3/5¼
Exchange on Shanghai (Document Bills at 60 days)	5/1
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Shares	£100. 0. 0
Shells (ord.)	£8.16.3
Indos (Pref.)	£4.12.6
Indos (Def.)	£35.10.0

U.K. METAL MARKET

Reuter's Service

London, May 2.—Today's rates were as follows:

	£	s.	d.
Standard Copper G. M. B. f. o. b.....	75	12	6
American Electrolytic 99 90% Copper f.o.b.....	80	10	0
Lead L. B. c.i.f. per ton.....	Nominal		
Soft Lead "Spanish" f.o.b...	24	10	0
Quicksilver, second hand ex warehouse f.o.b. (1/- extra in flask)	15	15	0
Tinplates, I. W. 20/24 100 lbs. 112 sheets per case tin lined cases without hoops f.o.b. Wales ...		35½	
Antimony "Regulus" (Sellers)	45	0	0
Muntz Metal, f.o.b. London or Liverpool (less ½%)		11d.	
Standard Tin (cash)	226	5	0
Spelter (ordy. soft) f.o.b....	35	5	0
Galvanised Sheets 24 gauge f. o b.....	27	10	0
Standard Tin (3 months)...	226	0	0

POPPY IS BEING GROWN IN SZECHUEN AND HONAN

Extensive Production Of Drug Reported To Anti-Opium Association At Peking

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, May 13.—The International Anti-Opium Association has recently received from different sources information revealing the harm that is being done in many districts through the contravention of the Opium Treaties.

Szechuen

One correspondent writes that he traveled from Changshow to Foochow on land on April 9 and 10, and on April 10 he was not out of sight of poppy fields for half an hour at a time from 6 a.m. to 5 p.m. He counted 74 plots of it while standing in one place, and at another place counted 68 plots. Hundreds of acres of poppy were easily in sight from the road, and a day's journey further inland he had also seen a lot of it, while he had reports from many persons who had also seen poppy growing.

Poppy is also reported from other Szechuen areas, Nanchuan, Chichiang, Pahsien and Shihlungchang. Apparently an opium tax is levied according to the amount grown and the cultivation is connived at both by the civil and military authorities.

In the Chienchang Valley the proportion of the fields under cultivation is estimated by a recent traveler to be between 30 percent and 50 percent.

Honan

The following story comes from Honan, and while the Association is unable to authenticate it, it calls for official investigation. During the winter of 1918-1919 Brigadier General Wu of Nanyangfu, Honan, imported 100,000 and 300,000 ounces of opium. In the early winter of 1919, about January, 21 coolie-loads of opium came through Honan from Shensi. It was accompanied by forty soldiers who bore a military pass. Ninety li from Nanyang General Wu's soldiers waylaid the opium bearers, and confiscated the opium by force. He has probably taken five times as much from Mohammedans. General Wu sells his opium to the dealers forty ounces at a time for 13,000 cash per ounce. When the dealers have disposed of the forty ounces General Wu sells them forty ounces more, and the dealers sell it for 20,000 cash per ounce. General Wu boasts that he carries on his trade under the protection of the Honan Tuchun.

All the opium in Honan comes from Shensi and Kansuh. There is no attempt to check the opium traffic in Honan, and in almost any of the cities in the south of the province opium can be purchased quite openly.

At Hangchangfu, in Shensi, opium sells for only 3,000 cash per ounce, and opium is so cheap in Honan that Japanese traders have not found it profitable to import much morphia.

Shansi

No province has done better than Shansi in the matter of opium and the sincerity of the Governor Yen is beyond question, yet means have been found of introducing morphia into the province. A thoroughly trustworthy correspondent writes that an opium refuge has been carried on for some months at Tsingyuan, and among the patients are several morphia victims. These men have used the hypodermic needle, and their bodies and arms are badly scared and ulcerated. They all come from Tsaiyuenhsien, and they state that the morphia came from Shanghai, but this statement is considered doubtful. According to these patients there are 2,600 morphia victims in this hsien alone, but although there are several other opium refuges in the surrounding district it does not appear that there are any other morphia victims.

This raises the question how does morphia enter Shansi, where the strictest measures are taken to keep the province clear from the evil? It is possible it comes through the post office. Recently the Association has received a packet of morphia through the Japanese Post Office, and the same thing might easily happen through any post office. To examine every mail packet is clearly impossible, but it is conceivable that some stringent regulations might be formed that will make it an offense subject to heavy penalties for any deleterious drugs to be mailed through any post office, and packets sent by dealers in drugs might be subject to examination.

SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

SHANGHAI LOCAL TIME IS ONE HOUR AHEAD OF RAILWAY TIME

SHANGHAI NORTH TO ZAHKOU—"DOWN" MAIN LINE. ZAHKOU TO SHANGHAI NORTH—"UP"

STATIONS	Local	Fast R	Slow	Coolie & Goods	Local	Express R	Local	Local
Shanghai North ..... dep.	....	7.35	9.00	10.00	....	14.50	15.50	....
Jessfield ..... dep.	....	7.51	9.16	10.23	....	15.06	16.06	....
Siccawei ..... dep.	....	7.58	9.23	10.38	....	15.13	16.13	....
Lunghua Junction ..... dep.	....	8.15	9.40	10.53	....	15.30	16.29	....
Shanghai South ..... dep.	....	*7.45*	*9.10*	*10.30*	*13.35*	*15.00*	*16.00*	*17.55*
Lunghua Junction ..... dep.	....	*8.15*	*9.40*	*10.53*	*13.52*	*15.30*	*16.29*	*18.12*
Nanking ..... dep.	....	8.59	10.48	12.02	....	16.07	17.42	....
Chinkiang ..... dep.	....	9.51	11.52	13.28	....	16.53	18.49	....
Kashing ..... dep.	7.40	10.25	12.30	14.35	....	17.22	19.20	....
Yehtsih ..... dep.	8.45	11.05	13.15	15.50	....	17.58	....	....
Changan ..... dep.	9.45	11.41	14.00	16.50	....	18.24	....	....
Hangchow ..... dep.	11.10	12.50	15.25	18.30	....	19.19	....	....
Zahkou ..... arr.	11.35	13.10	15.50	19.00	....	19.35	....	....

STATIONS	Local	Local	Fast R.	Slow	Local	Coolie and Goods	Express R	Local
Zahkou ..... dep.	....	....	6.30	7.55	....	9.20	14.10	15.30
Hangchow ..... dep.	....	....	7.00	8.30	....	10.00	14.35	16.05
Changan ..... dep.	....	....	8.04	9.48	....	11.40	15.20	17.36
Yehtsih ..... dep.	....	....	8.41	10.31	....	12.39	15.51	18.40
Kashing ..... dep.	....	7.15	9.28	11.22	....	14.10	16.30	19.30
Kashai ..... dep.	....	7.48	9.53	11.55	....	14.48	16.52	....
Singkiang ..... dep	....	9.05	10.47	12.59	....	16.08	17.40	....
Lunghua Junction ..... dep.	*8.18*	*10.38*	*11.38*	*14.08*	*15.33*	*17.23*	*18.23*	....
Shanghai South ..... arr.	*8.35*	*10.55*	*11.55*	*14.25*	*15.50*	*17.40*	*18.40*	....
Lunghua Junction ..... dep.	....	10.39	11.35	14.05	....	17.18	18.20	....
Siccawei ..... dep.	....	10.33	11.44	14.14	....	17.28	18.29	....
Jessfield ..... dep.	....	10.46	11.51	14.21	....	17.37	18.36	....
Shanghai North ..... arr.	....	11.00	12.05	14.35	....	17.55	18.50	....

KONZENCHIAO TO ZAHKOU — KIANGSHOO BRANCH LINE. — ZAHKOU TO KONZENCHIAO

Konzenchiao....	dep.	6.50	8.25	11.25	14.00	15.55	18.35	Zahkou.....	dep.	—	10.10	12.25	....	17.20	....
Kenshangmun..	dep.	7.10	8.50	11.40	14.15	16.15	18.50	Hangchow.....	dep.	7.30	10.40	12.45	14.55	17.50	19.15
Hangchow.....	dep.	7.20	9.15	11.52	14.24	16.30	19.00	Kenshangmun..	dep.	7.42	10.57	12.57	15.12	18.07	19.27
Zahkou.....	arr.	—	9.40	12.10	....	16.55	....	Konzenchiao....	arr.	7.55	11.10	13.10	15.25	18.20	19.40

R. Restaurant Car.

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

For U.S. Canada and Europe:
Per P.M. s.s. Colombia ....May 23
For Manila
Per R.M.S. E. of Asia ....May 17
For Japan:
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kumano M. May. 17
For United Kingdom
*Per B. & S. s.s. Lycaon ..May 20
For Europe
Per P. and O. s.s. Dilwara ..May 19

MAILS DUE

From U.S. and Canada
Per R.M.S. E. of Asia ....May 17
*Parcels only to be sent by the s.s. Lycaon.

Amusements

Olympic Theatre

TONIGHT
Marguerite Clark
in
"HELENE of the NORTH"
Five Parts

Paramount Pictograph

"Where Are My Trousers?"
Comedy

"The Night Cops"
Comedy

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for
Tonight — Tonight

THE SUPREME-SERIAL
"Crimson Stain Mystery"
1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th Episodes
Eight Parts
The Most Sensational and Interesting Serial on Exhibition

Matinee Today
"The Count of Monte Cristo"
Final Epoch
and
"The Million Dollar Mystery"
12th and 13th Episodes

Matinee Tomorrow
"Crimson Stain Mystery"
First Four Episodes

Tomorrow Night
"Yiddish Vaudeville"
and
Special Picture Show

Monday Next, 19th May
Mr. GERRARD'S
"My Four Years in Germany"

EXPEDITION TO URGA WILL COLLECT FAUNA

Mr. Roy Chapman Andrews And Mrs. Andrews After Specimens For American Museum

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Peking, May 13.—Mr. Roy Chapman Andrews, Associate Curator of Mammalogy in the American Museum of Natural History, accompanied by Mrs. Andrews, two Chinese taxidermists and a Chinese servant, is leaving here on the morning of the 15th for Kalgan, whence the entire party will travel by motor-car across the Gobi Desert to Urga. Here Mr. Andrews' expedition will made its headquarters for several months and from this base collect the fauna of the Central Asian plain and the Siberian forest.

Interviewed by your correspondent on the subject of his coming expedition, Mr. Andrews said that he had selected Urga as his base of operations for the reason that it is situated in a narrow belt bordered by the Central Asian plain to the south and the Siberian forest region to the north. A few miles from Urga his party will be able to hunt the mammals of Central Asia on the one hand and those of the Siberian steppes and forests on the other. For purposes of comparison a naturalist could not wish for a more suitable base of hunting operations.

Plans For Trip

The Andrews' party will travel to Urga with Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. Coltman, of the Mongolian Trading Company, who have made the journey many times in their own cars and without a breakdown, and from the 20th of this month will work in the rolling plain to the south of Urga. They expect to pick up four or five Mongolian hunters in or near Urga and will spend six or seven weeks in the prairie hunting and photographing the antelope, wolves and marmots of this region.

Towards the 1st of July the expedition will return to Urga and proceed from there northwards to the forest-clad hills of the Siberian region, where they intend to go after wapiti, roebuck, wild boar, leopard, martin, sable and various species of smaller mammals. They will remain in this region until the latter part of September, when they will break up their camp and return to Peking.

Go To New York

The flora, fauna and photographs collected by Mr. Andrews' expedition will be shipped to the United States during the latter part of this year to be assembled according to their species in the new Asiatic Hall of the American Museum of Natural History in New York. The museum already has large collections of mammals, together with colored photographs illustrating their habitat and habits, which Mr. Andrews has collected on his previous expeditions in China, and the Asiatic Hall has been especially constructed for assembling and displaying them in groups that illustrate the natural history of Asia.

Mr. Andrews will head the present expedition and will do all the hunting, assisted by his Mongolian hunters, while the Chinese taxidermists will handle the skinning and curing of the smaller mammals. Mrs. Andrews is in charge of the photographic work of the expedition and will take photographs and moving pictures illustrative of the haunts and habits of the mammals in the regions visited by the expedition. Mr. Andrews said that good photography on an expedition such as his meant almost as much as the collecting of the game itself, as really illustrative groups could not be put together at the Museum unless the artists in charge had a true to life background to work on. For this same reason it was important to collect specimens of grasses, trees and stones.

His Third Expedition

During the past ten years Mr. Andrews has represented the American Museum of Natural History on several occasions, and he is now heading his third expedition to China. In 1912 he spent ten months in Korea, whence he worked his way through the primeval forest into Manchuria to the Long White Mountain, the cradle of the late Manchu Dynasty; and in 1916-17, accompanied by his wife and Mr. Paul Heller, he led an expedition through Szechuen and Yunnan into Burma. This latter expedition he and Mrs. Andrews have described in their "Camps and Trails in China."

PARIS EXCHANGE

(French Wireless To Reuter)

Paris, May 15.—(Via Lyons and Koukaza).—Paris exchange:

Paris-London cheques	29.00
French War Loans:	
3 percent	61.65
4 percent 1917	71.00
Liberty Loans:	
4 percent 1918	71.00
5 percent	87.32

BANK OF ENGLAND

Reuter's Service

London, May 1.—The Bank of England's rate of discount is 5 percent and the proportion of reserve to liabilities 18 percent.

COMMERCIAL CABLES

Reuter's Service

London, May 3.—Today's prices were as follows:

Egyptian Cotton Fully Good Fair Sakellaridis	26.59d.
M. G. Fine Scinde and Bengal	13.40d.
Good American 1⅛ inch staple spot	18.39d.

Plantation Rubber, June 1/11½ paid.

LONDON COTTON MARKET

Reuter's Service

London, May 1.—Today's Cotton prices were as follows:

Good Middling Texas 1 1/16 inch staple spot	13.05d.
May	16.75d.
July	16.37d.

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FOR TWO NIGHTS ONLY
May 17th and 18th
"THE ROMANCE OF TARZAN"
SEVEN REELS
The Concluding Chapters of
"Tarzan of the Apes"
from the Novel by Edgar Rice Burroughs

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ONE NIGHT ONLY
"The Auction Block"

A Special
THE DANSANT
will be given on
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Monday and Tuesday Next
The Word-Famed Revue Star,
LAURA GUERITE
Supported by GEORGE ROSS and full Company of TWENTY TWO artistes, in the colossal
VAUDEVILLE BANQUET
Presenting a Variety Vaudeville Bill of exceptional brilliance.
Full Orchestra of 10 Musicians under the Direction of Francis H. Foster
First Change of Programme
Wednesday Next, 21st May
The Record-Breaking, Dazzling Revue
"LET'S GO"
Written by LAURA GUERITE & GEORGE ROSS
Gorgeous Costumes. Pretty Girls. Catchy Songs.
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APOLLO THEATRE ✣ ✣ ✣ **SATURDAY, MAY 17th and 18th**

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"ORIGINALITY" IS THEIR MOTTO

Retained on the bill for two more nights. In acting and photography this picture will rank as one of our greatest bookings. It is a real live play full of life from start to finish.

"MORAL SUICIDE"

MATINEE, TODAY AT 4 P.M.
THEDA BARA IN **"INFIDELITY"**

ANOTHER OF OUR GALA NIGHTS
A GREAT PICTURE—A CLEVER ACT
Both well worth seeing, so book up today!

MATINEE, TOMORROW AT 3.30 P.M.
"HANDS UP" Episode 11: "The Stranger from the Sea"
Episode 12: "The Silver Book"